Michigan Deptartment of Treasury 496 (2-04)

Auditing Procedures Issued under P.A. 2 of 1968, as amended.	s Kepo	·/ [L								
Local Government Type ✓ City Township Village	Other	Local Government Name City of Zeeland			County					
Audit Date Opinion E 6/30/05 10/4/0			ountant Report Subm	itted to State:	<u>I</u>					
We have audited the financial statemaccordance with the Statements of financial Statements for Counties and	the Governm	nental Accounting S	tandards Board	(GASB) and the	ne Uniform	Reporting Format for				
We affirm that:	to the And	" 1 Indo of 1	5:							
We have complied with the Bulletia				<i>chigan</i> as revise	ed.					
 We are certified public accountant We further affirm the following. "Yes" nonments and recommendations 				ements, includii	ng the notes	, or in the report of				
You must check the applicable box for	each item be	low.								
Yes 🗸 No 1. Certain compo										
Yes No 2. There are accumulated deficits in one or more of this unit's unreserved fund balances/retained earnings (P.A. 275 of 1980).										
✓ Yes No 3. There are instances of non-compliance with the Uniform Accounting and Budgeting Act (P.A. 2 of 1968, as amended).										
Yes No 4. The local unit has violated the conditions of either an order issued under the Municipal Finance Act or its requirements, or an order issued under the Emergency Municipal Loan Act.										
	No 5. The local unit holds deposits/investments which do not comply with statutory requirements. (P.A. 20 of 1943, as amended [MCL 129.91], or P.A. 55 of 1982, as amended [MCL 38.1132]).									
Yes 🗸 No 6. The local unit	has been del	linquent in distributin	g tax revenues th	at were collecte	ed for anothe	er taxing unit.				
Yes 🗸 No 7. pension bene	fits (normal c	d the Constitutional costs) in the current cormal cost requirem	year. If the plan	is more than 1	00% funded	current year earned and the overfunding year).				
Yes ✓ No 8. The local unit (MCL 129.241	t uses credit 1).	cards and has not	adopted an app	licable policy a	s required	by P.A. 266 of 1999				
Yes 🔽 No 9. The local unit	has not adop	ited an investment po	olicy as required t	oy P.A. 196 of 1	997 (MCL 1	29.95).				
We have enclosed the following:				Enclosed	To Be Forward					
The letter of comments and recommer	ndations.					√				
Reports on individual federal financial	assistance pr	rograms (program au	dits).			✓				
Single Audit Reports (ASLGU).										
Certified Public Accountant (Firm Name) Kiekover, Scholma & Shumake	r. PC				<u>-</u>					
Street Address 205 East Main Street	.,		City Zeeland		State MI	ZIP 49464				

12/5/05



City of Zeeland, Michigan

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For The Year Ended June 30, 2005

COMPREHENSIVE

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

CITY OF ZEELAND, MICHIGAN

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

CITY COUNCIL

Lester Hoogland - Mayor

Sally Gruppen

Kevin Klynstra

Allen Dannenberg

Jim Broersma

Richard VanDorp III

Dan VanOmmen/

Sheri Holstege (appointed October 10, 2005)

PREPARED BY CITY OF ZEELAND FINANCE DEPARTMENT

City of Zeeland, Michigan COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Year Ended June 30, 2005

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTORY SECTION	Pago
Letter of Transmittal	1
GFOA Certificate of Achievement	VIII
Organizational Chart	IX
List of Elected and Appointed Officials	X
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report	XI
Management's Discussion and Analysis	XII
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements Statement of Net Assets Statement of Activities Governmental Fund Financial Statements Balance Sheet Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Proprietary Fund Financial Statements Statement of Net Assets Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets Statement of Cash Flows Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets	2
Notes to Financial Statements	12
Required Supplementary Information	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	29
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Major Street Fund	31
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Local Street Fund	32
Note to Required Supplementary Information	33

City of Zeeland, Michigan COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Year Ended June 30, 2005

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Տար	oplemental Data	Page
	Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	34
	Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	
	Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	36
	Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual	
	Parking System Special Revenue Fund	38
	CDBG Grant Special Revenue Fund	
	Brownfield Development Authority Special Revenue Fund	
	Community Center Special Revenue Fund.	
	Library Special Revenue Fund	
	Legal Contingency Special Revenue Fund	
	Special Events Special Revenue Fund	
	Shopping Area Redevelopment Board Special Revenue Fund	
	1993 M.T.F. Act 175 Debt Service Fund	
	1998 Building Authority G.O. Debt Debt Service Fund	
	Library Debt Debt Service Fund	48
	Combining Statement of Net Assets – Internal Service Funds	49
	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets - Internal Service Funds	50
	Combining Statement of Cash Flows - Internal Service Funds	51
Tab		
1	General Fund Revenues and Other Financing Sources	50
_	and Expenditures and Other Uses by Function	
2	Property Tax Levies and Collections	
3 4	Property Tax Rates Per \$1,000 State Equalized Valuation	
5	Profile of Ten Largest Property Taxpayers	
6	Profile of Ten Largest Property Taxpayers.	
7	Special Assessment Collections	
8	Computation of Legal Debt Margin.	
9	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to State Equalized Value and Per Capita	
10	Ratio of Annual Debt Service for General Obligation Bonded Debt	
10	To Total General Fund Expenditures	62
11	Computation of Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt	63
	Schedule of Revenue Bond Coverage – Electric Utility Fund	
	Schedule of Revenue Bond Coverage – Water Utility Fund	
	Schedule of Revenue Bond Coverage – Clean Water Utility Fund	
	Property Value, Construction, and Bank Deposits	
	Tax Information.	
	Economic and Statistical Data	

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

November 11, 2005

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of the City of Zeeland:

The City Charter and State law require that the City publish, within six months of the close of each fiscal year, a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of the City of Zeeland for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Zeeland. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City of Zeeland has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the city's assets from loss, theft or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of Zeeland's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City of Zeeland's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute assurance, that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City of Zeeland's financial statements have been audited by Kiekover, Scholma & Shumaker, PC, an independent firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Zeeland for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the City of Zeeland's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. An unqualified opinion is the best opinion that an organization can receive on its financial statements. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and an analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Zeeland's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Government

The City of Zeeland, incorporated in 1907, is located in western Michigan, approximately 25 miles west of Grand Rapids. The population of Zeeland is 5,805 within the city's three square miles. Many more persons reside in numerous new housing developments surrounding the city. The strong work ethic is evident in the quality work force in the area, and pride is apparent in the upkeep of homes and businesses. The city is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal property located within its boundaries.

The city operates under a Council-Manager form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in the City Council, which consists of a mayor and six-member council. The City Council is responsible, among other things, for setting policies, approving ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees and hiring the city manager. The city manager and department heads are responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the governing council. The mayor and council members are elected at large. Council members are elected to four-year staggered terms with three council members elected every two years. The mayor is elected every two years to a two-year term.

The City of Zeeland provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection; the construction and maintenance of highways, streets and other infrastructure; recreational activities and cultural events; public improvements; planning; zoning and general administrative services. The Board of Public Works, which entails the Electric Utility Fund and Water Utility Fund is not a legally separate component unit, but is reported separately from governmental activities. These business-type activities are reported separately because they rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support, whereas the governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The City Council appoints its five-member board and approves rates for user charges, their budget and any bond issuance authorizations. The legal liability for any general bonded debt remains with the city. The Electric Utility and Water Utility Funds are presented as a proprietary fund type. The Clean Water Utility Fund is directly controlled by the City Council and does not fall under the Board of Public Works. It is also reported as a proprietary fund type and combined under business-type activities. The Zeeland Building Authority is a blended component unit. Although a legally separate entity, it is in substance, part of the City's operations and is included as an integral part of the City of Zeeland's financial statements.

The City maintains budgetary controls. An annual budget is adopted in accordance with the legal requirements set forth in the Uniform Budgeting Act, State of Michigan P.A. 621 of 1978 as well as the City Charter. The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Zeeland's financial planning and control. All departments of the City of Zeeland are required to submit requests for appropriation to the city manager. These requests form the basis for the

development of a proposed budget. On or before March 31, the proposed budget is presented by the city manager to the City Council for review. The council is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget no later than their first regular meeting in May. The budget is prepared by fund, function, activity (i.e. assessor, police patrol) and line item level. The budget is appropriated at the activity level. Expenditures may not legally exceed budget appropriations at the activity level within the fund, department and activity. Department heads may adjust line items within the activity; however, only the City Council has the authority to amend the total activity budget. Transfers of appropriations between activities require approval of the City Council. Unexpended amounts lapse at year end; however, funding for committed capital projects is generally reappropriated as part of the following year's budget. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. The General Fund, Major Street Fund, and Local Street Fund can be found on pages 28-31 as part of the required supplementary information for the governmental funds. For other governmental funds this comparison can be found on pages 37-47.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City of Zeeland operates.

Local Economy. The city is an industrial and commercial oriented community serving as a principal business, marketing and cultural center for the surrounding suburban and agricultural area. Industrial and commercial valuations comprise 51% of the city's ad valorem tax base of \$261,915,800. Additional tax base is provided from the industrial facilities tax on property valued at \$286,269,900 and levied at one-half the regular property tax rate. Zeeland's industrial composition is well diversified, with some 50 industries located within the corporate limits employing in excess of 10,000 persons. Included are such well-known corporations as Herman Miller, Inc., an international leader in the manufacturing of office systems furniture; Howard Miller Clock Company, one of the largest producers of grandfather clocks in the world; Gentex Corporation, a manufacturer of smoke detectors, alarm systems and automatic mirrors for automobiles; Mead Johnson & Company (Bristol-Myers), a large producer of nutritional infant formula; ITW Drawform, a stamping operation; Zeeland Chemicals, a large manufacturer of chemicals, and Mirant Zeeland, LLC an electric generating plant with a 540-megawatt combined cycle turbine facility.

Long-Term Financial Planning. The City's long-term financial health remains strong. The undesignated fund balance in the general fund (32% of general fund expenditures) is above the City's targeted level of 25%. This healthy fund balance is particularly noteworthy given many cities and villages throughout the State of Michigan continue to struggle along with the State's economy. In the near term, the City does not expect to use any of this fund balance as budgeted revenues exceed budgeted expenditures for Fiscal Year 2005-2006.

In fiscal year 2005/2006 the City plans to issue \$2.1 million in general obligation limited tax bonds for the construction of a new street maintenance facility. At this time it is anticipated that the City may increase its general operating tax levy by up to .4 mills to repay the annual debt on this bond issue. Should the full .4 mills be added, the additional millage would bring the City's expected general operating millage levy to 11.2854, well below its Headlee Cap of 14.1636. The City's tax rate will also continue to be lower than fourteen out of sixteen similar sized communities surveyed in the West Michigan area. Upon the completion of the street maintenance facility, the City does not expect to construct any new public facilities that support operational departments of the City (other than a Clean Water Plant expansion funded by user charges) for the foreseeable future.

The City continues to set a goal of maintaining a minimum General Fund balance of 25% of operating expenditures, including transfers to other funds. This healthy level is a means of preparing for any unforeseen economic downturns. For the foreseeable future, the City will be able to maintain its targeted 25% fund balance within the General Fund.

Relevant Financial Policies. With the uncertainty in the amount of State Shared Revenue the City receives from the State, the City took the position both last fiscal year and the current fiscal year to initially only budget for 50% of State Shared Community Funding (as estimated by the State of Michigan). The City expects to continue with this conservative budgeting approach as long as the State of Michigan struggles with its budget.

Major Initiatives. The City continues to embark on several major construction projects in the City. The City is currently completing its major street reconstruction project in 2005. This project consisted of a complete reconstruction of Main Avenue from Centennial Street to Chicago Drive. This corridor is the City's main east entrance into our recently renovated downtown area, and the reconstruction will carry the theme of our historic lamppost for the entire length of the project as a further means of attracting traffic to our downtown. The project consisted of a complete reconstruction of the street, replacement of water and sanitary sewer lines and installation of underground electric lines. In total this project will cost approximately \$2.5 million with the City not borrowing any funds to finance the project.

In the spring of 2006 the City plans to complete an extension of Cooperation Drive that will service the \$35 million plant expansion of Gentex and several other facilities within the City's industrial park. The estimated cost for this project is \$1.04 million with \$900,000 paid by Community Development Block Grants.

Along with our thriving industrial sector, the City is enhancing the commercial and residential segments of the community. Recent activity along the City's older industrial corridor has led to a revitalization of new commercial and office space in the newly zoned mixed-use Washington Avenue District. To maintain our quality housing stock, renewed efforts to establish a rental inspection ordinance appear to be on the horizon.

The City continues to work with neighboring townships on the potential expansion of the City's Clean Water Plant. Current discussions center on expanding the plant from its current capacity of 1.65 mgd to 3.4 mgd with the City and townships paying proportionate costs based on

estimated flows to the plant. Total estimated costs for the plant expansion are \$8.1 million. Plant expansion costs would be absorbed by user fees.

Cash Management Policies and Practices. The City of Zeeland's policy is to invest its funds in a manner that will provide the highest investment return with the maximum security, while meeting the daily cash flow needs of the City and complying with all state statutes governing the investment of public funds. Cash temporarily idle during the year was invested in certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, obligations of the U.S Treasury and government agency obligations. The maturity of most investments was 5 years. Investment income includes appreciation or depreciation in the fair value of investments during the year. These increases or decreases in fair value during the current year, however, do not necessarily represent trends that will continue, especially in the case of temporary changes in the fair value of investments that the City intends to hold to maturity.

The average yield on the City's investments for the year ended June 30, 2005 amounted to 3.12% (3.41% before any adjustment for changes in fair value). The average yield for the City's defined benefit pension trust was 5.9%. The pension trust outperforms the City's investments due to differences in investment regulations. Under Public Act 20 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, cities may only invest in certificates of deposit, commercial paper of investment grade and government agencies pools and obligations while the pension trusts may invest in a wider variety of investments including stocks and bonds as well as government agencies obligations.

Risk Management. The city carries full multi-peril insurance coverage underwritten by the Michigan Municipal League Liability and Property Pool. Insurance coverage includes comprehensive general liability, bodily injury and property damage, limited liability public official's errors and omissions, and comprehensive automobile. The city is fully insured for workers compensation claims by coverage underwritten by the Michigan Municipal Workers Compensation Fund. In addition, the Electric Utility and Water Utility Funds carry commercial insurance coverage for general liability and property loss. Risk control techniques include the use of third party claims review and investigation, third party loss control services, and employee education and training programs.

The City accounts for its health care self insurance program in an Internal Service Fund and charges out to other funds their respective share of health care self insurance costs. To protect against the financial effects of a catastrophic loss, reinsurance for the self-insured health care risk is purchased to limit City liability to \$20,000 per person per year. As with the coverage above, risk control techniques include the use of third party claims review and investigation, third party loss control services, and employee education and training programs.

The City's short-term disability risk is fully self-insured and self-administered. Long-term disability is purchased and administered by a third party.

Additional information on the City of Zeeland's risk-management activity can be found in Note 4A of the notes to financial statements.

Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefits. The city maintains two pension plans. The defined contribution plan was established July 1, 2000 and covers eligible employees hired after July 1, 2000 and employees hired prior to July 1, 2000 who elected to have their balances transferred from the city's defined benefit plan. The city contributes 8% of covered compensation for participants who were employed by the city before July 1, 2000 and 6% of covered compensation for participants employed after July 1, 2000. The city contributions to the plan were \$158,237 for the fiscal year.

The defined benefit pension plan is a single-employer plan administered by the city. Each year, an independent actuary calculates the amount of the annual contribution that the City of Zeeland must make to the defined benefit plan to ensure that the plan will be able to fully meet its obligations to retired employees on a timely basis. As a matter of policy, each year the city fully funds each year's contribution as determined by the actuary. The city contributions to the plan were \$187,332 and employees contributed \$3,518.

The City of Zeeland also provides postretirement health care benefits for retirees and their spouses. From retirement age to the age of 62, the retiree pays 100% of the health care costs for the spouse. The retiree and the spouse are included in City's self-funded insurance plan including prescription coverage. From the age of 62 to 65 the City pays 100% of the retirees' portion and 50% of the spouses'. At age 65 the retiree is not eligible for inclusion in the City's health insurance plan, but the City will pay 100% of the retiree's AARP premium and 50% for the spouse. GAAP does not require governments to report a liability in the financial statements in connection with an employer's obligation to provide these costs.

Additional information on the City of Zeeland's pension arrangements and postemployment benefits can be found in Notes 4C-E of the notes to financial statements.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Zeeland for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award, recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of State and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the city published an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR), whose contents conform to program standards. This report satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of only one year. The City of Zeeland has achieved a Certificate of Achievement for the last seventeen consecutive years. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the finance department. We would also like to express our appreciation to all the employees of the city who assisted and contributed to this report. Credit must also be given to the mayor and the governing council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Zeeland's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Timothy R. Klunder

City Manager

Karen L. Doyle

Finance Director/Assistant City Manager

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Zeeland, Michigan

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2004

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

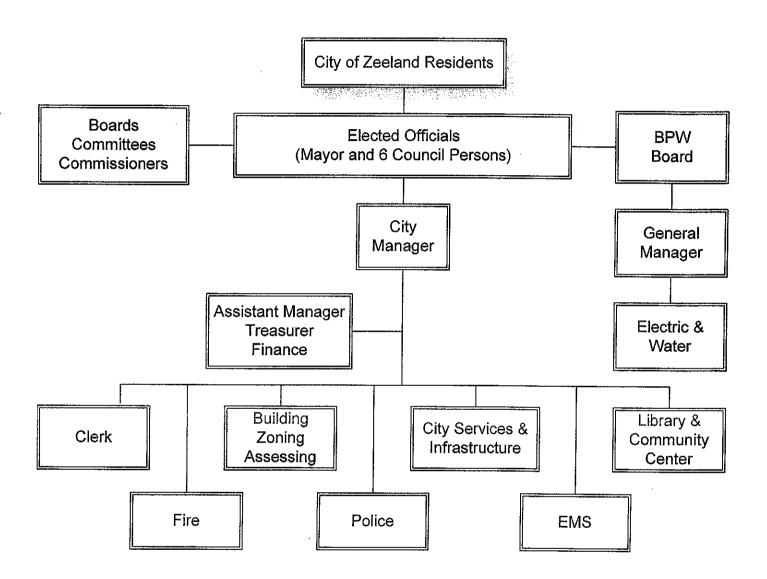
OF CONTROL OF CONTROL

Nancy & Zjelle

President

Executive Director

City of Zeeland, Michigan Organizational Chart



City of Zeeland, Michigan LIST OF ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS June 30, 2005

CITY COUNCIL

Mayor Pro Tem Councilman Councilman Councilman Councilman Councilman Lester Hoogland Sally Gruppen Kevin Klynstra Allen Dannenberg Jim Broersma Richard VanDorp III Dan VanOmmen

ADMINISTRATION

City Manager
Board of Public Works General Manager
Assistant City Manager/Finance Director
City Infrastructure Services Director
City Assessor/Building Official
City Attorney
City Clerk
Emergency Services Director
Fire Chief
Police Chief
Library/Community Center Director

Timothy R. Klunder David Walters Karen L. Doyle Steve Hallock Arthur D. Grimes James Donkersloot Nancy Tuls Ted Vanden Brink William Gruppen William Olney Dennis Martin

FINANCIAL SECTION

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

October 4, 2005

Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Zeeland, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Zeeland, Michigan, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Zeeland, Michigan's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Zeeland, Michigan, as of June 30, 2005 and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages XII through XXI and 29 through 33, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Zeeland, Michigan basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining nonmajor fund financial statements and statistical tables are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and statistical tables have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Kiekover, Scholma & Shumaker, PC

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Zeeland, Michigan, we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activites of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages I-VII of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$81,927,105 (net assets). Of this amount, \$31,223,171 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net assets increased by \$5,358,655. This increase was due in part to conservative budgetary. In the governmental activities, program revenue increased due to Community Development Block and other grants totaling \$1,141,804, awarded to defray the costs of public infrastructure accommodating new industry. Expenditures were less than revenues by \$1,836,198. In the business-type activities charges for services increased by \$1,618,266 and expenses were less than revenues by \$3,522,457.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Zeeland's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4,790,362, an increase of \$282,912 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 74% of this, \$3,528,224, is available for spending at the City's discretion (unreserved fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved, undesignated fund balance for the General Fund was \$1,763,818 or 32 % of total general fund expenditures and transfers out.
- The City's total debt decreased by \$1,370,000 to a total of \$17,155,000 during the current fiscal year. This was a result of the City making its required scheduled debt service payments of \$1,370,000 and incurring no new debt obligations.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Zeeland is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and accrued interest payable).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, community and economic development, and recreation and culture. The business-type activities of the City include electric, water and clean water operations.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 1-3 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories, governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Following the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, reconciliations are provided to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains twenty-two (22) individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General, Major Streets, and Local Streets Funds. Each of these funds is considered to be a major fund. The City of Zeeland has nineteen (19) nonmajor funds. These include special revenue funds, debt service funds, capital projects funds and one permanent fund. The permanent fund is used to record the activity of the Cemetery Trust. Data from the other nineteen governmental funds are combined into a single aggregate presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General, Major Streets and Local Streets Funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided herein to demonstrate compliance with those budgets.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 4-6 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains two types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its electric, water and clean water operations. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its vehicle and equipment maintenance activities, building maintenance activities and health-care self-insurance. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, the assets and liabilities of the internal service funds have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide statement of net assets.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Electric, Water, and Clean Water Utility Funds, all of which are considered to be major funds of the City. Conversely, the internal service funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 7-9 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for the proprietary funds. The City accounts for two types of fiduciary funds – pension trust funds and agency funds.

The City of Zeeland's pension trust fund accounts for the activities of the City's defined benefit pension plan for eligible employees. In addition, the City maintains two agency funds to account for tax collections and related payments as well as refundable customer deposits.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 10-11 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 12-28 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* presenting the City of Zeeland's budgetary comparison schedules for its three major funds – General Fund, Major Street Fund and Local Street Fund. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 29-33 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with the nonmajor governmental funds and internal service funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combing statements and individual nonmajor governmental fund budgetary comparison schedules can be found on pages 34-51 of this report.

Immediately following the combining statements is a statistical section which provides certain information pertaining to general government revenues, expenditures, tax revenues and collections, demographics and other statistical data.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Net Assets - As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Zeeland, assets exceeded liabilities by \$81,927,105 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the City's net assets (58%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, vehicles, equipment and infrastructure); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

City of Zeeland's Net Assets

	Governmental			ntal	Business-Type							
	_	Acti	vitie	s		Acti	vitie	s	Total			
		2005		2004		2005	_	2004		2005		2004
Current and other assets	\$	7,165,577	\$	6,281,739	\$	30,575,601	\$	27,138,950	\$	37,741,178	\$	33,420,689
Capital assets		19,712,135		18,779,224		45,291,005		45,196,664	_	65,003,140	_	63,975,888
Total assets		26,877,712	_	25,060,963	_	75,866,606	_	72,335,614		102,744,318	_	97,396,577
Long-term debt outstanding		2,915,000		3,145,000		14,240,000		15,380,000		17,155,000		18,525,000
Other liabilities	_	524,568		314,017		3,137,645	_	1,989,110		3,662,213	_	2,303,127
Total liabilities		3,439,568		3,459,017	_	17,377,645		17,369,110	_	20,817,213	_	20,828,127
Net assets:												
Invested in capital assets,												
net of related debt		16,797,135		15,634,224		31,051,005		29,816,664		47,848,140		45,450,888
Restricted		1,205,899		1,103,472		1,649,895		1,649,895		2,855,794		2,753,367
Unrestricted		5,435,110	_	4,864,250	_	25,788,061		23,499,945		31,223,171		28,364,195
Total net assets	\$	23,438,144	\$	21,601,946	\$	58,488,961	\$	54,966,504	\$	81,927,105	\$	76,568,450

An additional portion of the City's net assets (3.4%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net assets* (38%) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

Change in Net Assets - The City of Zeeland's net assets increased by \$5,358,655 during the current fiscal year. 34% of this increase is related to the governmental activities. The other 66% is associated with the business-type activities.

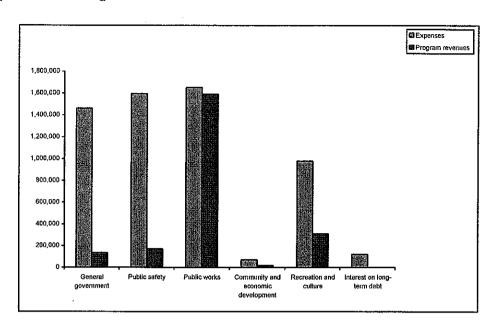
City of Zeeland's Changes in Net Assets

	Governmental				Business-Type							
		Acti	vitie	s		Acti	ivitie	es		T	otal	
		2005		2004		2005		2004		2005		2004
Program revenues									-			
Charges for services	\$	407,925	\$	233,928	\$	21,839,328	\$	20,221,062	\$	22,247,253	\$	20,454,990
Operating grants and contributions		668,186		688,041		-		-		668,186		688,041
Capital grants and contributions		1,153,192		101,079		530,834		407,909		1,684,026		508,988
General revenues												
Property taxes		4,295,400		4,412,908		-		_		4,295,400		4,412,908
State shared revenues		571,833		578,090				-		571,833		578,090
Interest		199,875		161,918		731,551		58,342		931,426		220,260
Other		36,192		181,143		55,311		82,274		91,503		263,417
Total revenues		7,332,603		6,357,107	_	23,157,024	_	20,769,587		30,489,627	_	27,126,694
Program expenses												
General government		1,464,461		1,491,032		-				1,464,461		1,491,032
Public safety		1,596,297		1,569,481		_		-		1,596,297		1,569,481
Public works		1,653,600		1,678,934		-		_		1,653,600		1,678,934
Community and economic		-,,		-,,						-		1,070,231
development		69,799		81,503		_		_		69,799		81,503
Recreation and culture		979,687		911,645		_		_		979,687		911,645
Interest on long-term debt		122,436		132,072		_		-		122,436		132,072
Electric		, -		, -		15,525,207		13,623,753		15,525,207		13,623,753
Water		_		-		2,611,241		2,639,329		2,611,241		2,639,329
Clean water		-		-		1,154,119		1,200,559		1,154,119		1,200,559
Total expenses		5,886,280		5,864,667		19,290,567		17,463,641		25,176,847		23,328,308
Change before contributions												
and transfers	1	1,446,323		492,440		3,866,457		3,305,946		5,312,780		3,798,386
Contributions to permanent funds		45,875		29,755						45,875		29,755
Transfers in (out)		344,000		341,929		(344,000)		(341,929)		73,073		49,133
remotors in (out)		J++,000		J41,727		(344,000)		(341,929)				<u>-</u>
Change in Net Assets	\$ 1	1,836,198	\$	864,124	\$	3,522,457	\$	2,964,017	\$	5,358,655	\$	3,828,141

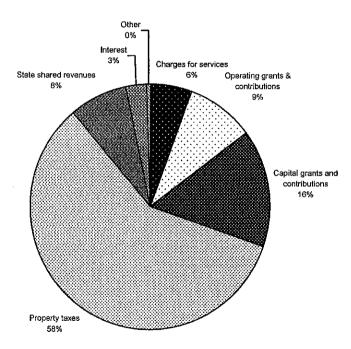
Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the City's net assets by \$1,836,198, accounting for 34% of the total growth in the net assets of the City. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Capital grants and contributions increased by \$1,052,113 over the prior year. The City aggressively sought and received State and Federal grants to help fund public infrastructure to accommodate industrial growth.
- Property tax revenue decreased by \$117,508 (2.7%) from the prior year. This was due to an unusual delinquent personal property tax fee of \$175,878, paid last year by a large industry. This one-time fee served to inflate last year's total tax revenue.

Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities



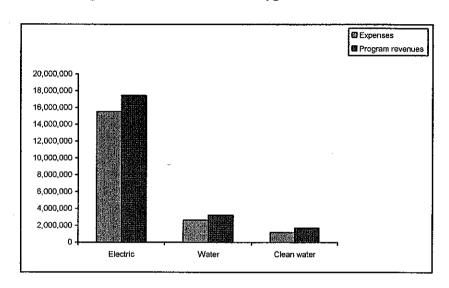
Revenues by Source – Governmental Activities



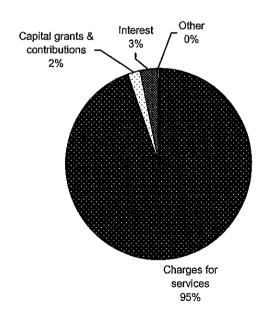
Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the City of Zeeland's net assets by \$3,522,457, accounting for 66 percent of the total growth in the government's net assets. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Interest revenue increased \$673,209 due to recovery in fair-market value of City investments, rising interest rates, as well as total dollars available for investment purposes.
- Capital grants and contributions increased by \$122,925 over the prior year. As reflected in the governmental funds also,the City aggressively sought and received State and Federal grants to help fund public infrastructure to accommodate industrial growth.

Expenses and Program Revenues-Business-type Activities



Revenues by Source - Business-type Activities



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4,790,362, an increase of \$282,912 from the prior year. Approximately 74% of this amount (\$3,342,158) constitutes *unreserved fund balance*, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is *reserved* to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed (1) for prepaid items that will be used in the following year (\$56,239), (2) to pay debt service (\$99,371), (3) for purposes related to the library (\$26,223), and (4) for the maintenance of the City of Zeeland's cemetery (\$646,538 non-expendable and \$433,767 expendable).

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year unreserved fund balance of the General Fund was \$1,763,818, while total fund balance was \$1,820,057. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unreserved fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance (\$1,763,818) represents 32% of total General Fund expenditures and transfers out (\$5,468,896).

The fund balance of the City's General Fund decreased by \$2,723 during the current fiscal year. Key factors to this reduction are:

- Operating expenditures increased by \$105,681 or 3.3%.
- State shared revenues decreased by \$6,257 or 1.1%.
- The City continues to aggressively improve its streets and public spaces. Transfers out to other funds increased by \$234,722 or 12% over the prior year, for a total of \$2,195,200.

The Major Street Fund has a total fund balance of \$462,653, an increase of \$96,114 during the year. Net transfers in from the General Fund increased by \$142,930 over the prior year for a total of \$876,000.

The Local Street Fund has a fund balance of \$271,170, an increase of \$129,037 during the year. Net transfers in from the General Fund increased by \$263,633 over the prior year for a total of \$331,133.

Proprietary funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements (business-type activities), but in more detail.

Unrestricted net assets of the Electric, Water and Clean Water Utility Funds at the end of the year amounted to \$18,838,600, \$2,622,762 and \$4,135,054, respectively. Increases in the Electric, Water, and Clean Water Utility Funds net assets during the current year were \$2,054,766, \$745,390 and \$658,546, respectively. Other factors concerning the finances of these three funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the year there was a \$282,950 increase in appropriations between the original and final amended budget. Following are the main components of the increase:

- \$135,000 supplemental appropriation to transfers out to provide City matching funds for state and federal grants.
- \$45,000 supplemental appropriation to attorney services involving a police matter.
- \$26,700 supplemental appropriation to the accounting and treasury departments for expenditures related to the resignation of the Finance Director/Treasurer and related increases in contracted financial services.
- \$27,500 supplemental appropriation to the data processing department as a result of purchasing IT support in blocks and consolidating data processing to its own department rather than a function of each activity.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2005, amounted to \$65,003,140 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and systems, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, and street and sidewalks. The total increase in the City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$932,911 (5%) for governmental activities and \$94,341 (.2%) for business-type activities.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- \$225,000 purchase of land for the City's new street maintenance facility
- \$1,940,000 expended for street improvement projects
- \$2,240,000 additions to Electric, Water, and Clean water systems

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in note 3C on pages 21-22 of this report.

City of Zeeland's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

		Govern	ımeı	ntal	Business-Type			уре				
		Acti	vitie	8	_	Activities			Total			
	_	2005		2004		2005	_	2004		2005		2004
Land	\$	1,340,600	\$	1,031,055	\$	895,038	\$	870,286	\$	2,235,638	\$	1,901,341
Construction in progress		927,600		188,745		833,225		616,587		1,760,825		805,332
Land improvements		273,863		227,520		106,836		141,015		380,699		368,535
Buildings and improvements		6,975,316		7,332,811		2,419,226		2,386,053		9,394,542		9,718,864
Systems		=		-		40,733,614		40,926,621		40,733,614		40,926,621
Machinery, equipment, vehicles		1,932,891		2,134,385		303,066		256,102		2,235,957		2,390,487
Infrastructure		8,261,865	_	7,864,708			_	-	_	8,261,865		7,864,708
Total	\$_	19,712,135	\$	18,779,224	<u>\$</u>	45,291,005	<u>\$</u> _	45,196,664	<u>\$</u>	65,003,140	<u>\$</u>	63,975,888

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total installment debt outstanding of \$17,155,000. Of this amount, \$2,915,000 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government (including \$115,000 of Michigan Transportation Bonds). The remainder of the City's debt represents bonds secured by specified revenue sources.

City of Zeeland's Outstanding Debt General Obligation and Revenue Bonds

	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities				Total				
		2005		2004		2005		2004		2005	_	2004
General obligation bonds	\$	2,800,000	\$	2,995,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,800,000	\$	2,995,000
Michigan transportation bonds		115,000		150,000		-		-		115,000		150,000
Revenue bonds	_				_	14,240,000	_	15,380,000	_	14,240,000	_	15,380,000
Total	<u>\$</u>	2,915,000	<u>\$</u>	3,145,000	\$	14,240,000	<u>\$</u>	15,380,000	\$	17,155,000	<u>\$</u>	18,525,000

General obligation debt decreased by a net amount of \$230,000 during the current year. This was a result of the City making its required scheduled debt payments of \$230,000 while incurring no new debt.

Revenue bond debt decreased by a net of \$1,140,000 during the current year. This was a result of the City making its required scheduled debt service payments of \$1,140,000 while incurring no new debt.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt the City may issue to 10 percent of the state equalized value of taxable property in the City. The current debt limitation for the City is \$26,175,170, which is significantly in excess of the City's outstanding general obligation debt.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 3E on pages 24-25 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following factors were considered in preparing the City's budget for the 2005-2006 fiscal year:

- The undesignated fund balance of \$1,763,818 in the general fund (32% of general fund expenditures) is above the City's targeted level of 25%. The City has not budgeted to use any of this fund balance as budgeted revenues exceed budgeted expenditures for fiscal year 2005-2006.
- In fiscal year 2005/2006 the City plans to issue \$2.1 million in general obligation limited tax bonds for the construction of a new street maintenance facility. At this time it is anticipated that the City may increase its general operating tax levy by up to .4 mills to repay the annual debt on this bond issue. Should the full .4 mills be added, the additional millage would bring the City's expected general operating millage levy to 11.2854, well below its Headlee Cap of 14.1636. The City's tax rate will also continue to be lower than fourteen out of sixteen similar sized communities surveyed in the West Michigan area.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City Finance Director, 21 South Elm Street, Zeeland, MI 49464.

Basic Financial Statements

City of Zeeland, Michigan STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2005

	Governmental Activities	Business Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$ 6,887,505	\$ 22,649,057	\$ 29,536,562
Receivables:		- 1-1 010	5 406 655
Accounts	25,506	2,471,049	2,496,555
Interest	17,554	80,254	97,808
Due from other governments	274,177	-	274,177
Internal balances	(191,645)	191,645	400.154
Inventories	-	402,154	402,154
Prepaid items	152,480	3,131,547	3,284,027
Restricted cash - revenue bond covenant accounts	-	1,649,895	1,649,895
Capital assets not being depreciated:		004.000	2.225.628
Land	1,340,600	895,038	2,235,638
Construction in progress	927,600	833,225	1,760,825
Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation			202 (22
Land improvements	273,863	106,836	380,699
Buildings and impprovements	6,975,316	2,419,226	9,394,542
Systems	_	40,733,614	40,733,614
Machinery and equipment	1,932,891	303,066	2,235,957
Infrastructure	8,261,865		8,261,865
Total Assets	_26,877,712	75,866,606	102,744,318
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	465,481	2,963,587	3,429,068
Accrued payroll	31,435	23,042	54,477
Accrued interest payable	27,652	151,016	178,668
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due within one year	240,000	885,000	1,125,000
Due in more than one year	2,675,000	13,355,000	16,030,000
Total Liabilities	3,439,568	17,377,645	20,817,213
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	16,797,135	31,051,005	47,848,140
Restricted for:			
Library	26,223	-	26,223
Debt service	99,371	1,649,895	1,749,266
Perpetual care-nonexpendable	646,538	-	646,538
Perpetual care-expendable	433,767	-	433,767
Unrestricted	5,435,110	25,788,061	31,223,171
Total Net Assets	<u>\$ 23,438,144</u>	\$ 58,488,961	\$ 81,927,105

City of Zeeland, Michigan STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2005

		es		
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions
Function/Programs:				
Primary Government:				
Governmental Activities:				
General government	\$ 1,464,461	\$ 135,206	\$ -	\$ -
Public safety	1,596,297	172,126	-	-
Public works	1,653,600	24,491	413,949	1,153,192
Community and economic development	69,799	19,352	-	-
Recreation and culture	979,687	56,750	254,237	-
Interest on long-term debt	122,436		<u> </u>	
Total Governmental Activities	5,886,280	407,925	668,186	1,153,192
Business-type activities:				
Electric	15,525,207	17,133,817	-	301,275
Water	2,611,241	3,136,499	-	92,365
Clean water	1,154,119	1,569,012		137,194
Total Business-type Activities	19,290,567	21,839,328		530,834
Total Primary Government	\$ 25,176,847	\$ 22,247,253	\$ 668,186	\$ 1,684,026

General revenues:

Property taxes

Unrestricted state shared revenues

Interest

Gain on sale of capital assets

Other

Contributions to permanent funds

Transfers

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets - Beginning

Net Assets - Ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

Governmental Activities	Business Type Activities	Total
\$ (1,329,255) (1,424,171) (61,968) (50,447) (668,700) (122,436) (3,656,977)	\$	\$ (1,329,255) (1,424,171) (61,968) (50,447) (668,700) (122,436) (3,656,977)
(3,656,977)	1,909,885 617,623 552,087 3,079,595	1,909,885 617,623 552,087 3,079,595 (577,382)
4,295,400 571,833 199,875 8,450 27,742 45,875	731,551 2,361 52,950	4,295,400 571,833 931,426 10,811 80,692 45,875
344,000 5,493,175 1,836,198 21,601,946	(344,000) 442,862 3,522,457 54,966,504	5,936,037 5,358,655 76,568,450
\$ 23,438,144	\$ 58,488,961	\$ 81,927,105

City of Zeeland, Michigan BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2005

	General Fund	Major Street Fund	Local Street Fund	Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$ 1,655,904	\$ 661,480	\$ 249,280	\$ 2,286,004	\$ 4,852,668
Receivables:					
Accounts	22,352	79	-	3,075	25,506
Interest	4,040	231	832	7,275	12,378
Due from other governments	185,402	55,517	26,591	6,667	274,177
Prepaid items	56,239				56,239
Total Assets	\$ 1,923,937	\$ 717,307	\$ 276,703	\$ 2,303,021	\$ 5,220,968
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ 83,100	\$ 252,838	\$ 3,563	\$ 61,831	\$ 401,332
Accrued payroll	20,780	1,816	1,970	4,708	29,274
Total Liabilities	103,880	254,654	5,533	66,539	430,606
FUND BALANCES					
Reserved:					
Prepaid items	56,239	-	-	-	56,239
Library	-	-	-	26,223	26,223
Debt service	-	-	-	99,371	99,371
Perpetual care-nonexpendable	-	-	-	646,538	646,538
Perpetual care-expendable	-	-	-	433,767	433,767
Unreserved-reported in:					
General Fund	1,763,818	-	-	-	1,763,818
Special Revenue Funds	-	462,653	271,170	577,914	1,311,737
Debt Service Funds	-	-	-	4,993	4,993
Capital Projects Funds				447,676	447,676
Total Fund Balances	1,820,057	462,653	271,170	2,236,482	4,790,362
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 1,923,937	<u>\$ 717,307</u>	\$ 276,703	\$ 2,303,021	
Amount reported for governmental activities in Capital assets used in governmental activities not reported in the funds:			ent because:		
General capital assets					8,922,214
Infrastructure assets					9,189,465
Prepaid items					63,390
Interest accrued on outstanding bonds is not	reported in the fund	ds			(27,652)
Long term liabilities are not due and payable	e in the current perio	od and are			
not reported in the funds	_				(2,915,000)
Internal Service Funds are included as part of	of governmental acti	ivities			3,415,365
Net Assets of Governmental Activities					\$ 23,438,144

City of Zeeland, Michigan STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2005

Other

	General Fund	Major Street Fund	Local Street Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 4,108,392	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 187,008	\$ 4,295,400
Licenses and permits	199,632	-	-	-	199,632
Federal grants	-	-	-	517,804	517,804
State grants	-	-	-	624,000	624,000
State shared revenues	571,833	293,877	120,072	13,350	999,132
Local unit contributions	-	=	-	232,226	232,226
Charges for services	57,052	1,366	2,558	69,991	130,967
Fines and forfeitures	34,924	-	-	23,152	58,076
Interest and rent	109,216	8,103	5,774	90,632	213,725
Other	29,244	1,490		35,615	66,349
Total Revenues	5,110,293	304,836	128,404	1,793,778	7,337,311
Expenditures:					
Current:					1 100 010
General government	1,065,058	-	-	43,790	1,108,848
Public safety	1,183,683		-	-	1,183,683
Public works	200,998	1,035,875	274,543	1,156,648	2,668,064
Community and economic development	51,129	-	-	7,630	58,759
Recreation and culture	105,579			566,633	672,212
Insurance, bonds, and fringes	667,249	48,847	55,957	111,982	884,035
Capital outlay	-	-	-	433,058	433,058
Debt service				222.222	220 000
Principal	-	-	~	230,000	230,000
Interest	-		-	113,540	113,540
Total Expenditures	3,273,696	1,084,722	330,500	2,663,281	7,352,199
Excess of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	1,836,597	(779,886)	(202,096)	(869,503)	(14,888)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):		-			
Transfers in	355,880	920,000	331,133	986,075	2,593,088
Transfers out	(2,195,200)	(44,000)	-	(56,088)	(2,295,288)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,839,320)	876,000	331,133	929,987	297,800
Net Change in Fund Balances	(2,723)	96,114	129,037	60,484	282,912
Fund Balances - July 1	1,822,780	366,539	142,133	2,175,998	4,507,450
Fund Balances - June 30	\$ 1,820,057	\$ 462,653	\$ 271,170	\$ 2,236,482	\$ 4,790,362

City of Zeeland, Michigan RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2005

Net change in fund balances-Total Governmental Funds	\$	282,912
Amounts reported for the governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	-	
Govenmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; in the statement of activites		
these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation:		
Current year capital outlays capitalized - general capital assets		405,397
Current year capital outlays capitalized - infrastructure capital assets		1,945,212
Current year depreciation expense on capitalized assets		(1,259,060)
Special assessment revenues are recorded in the statement of activities when the assessment is		
set; they are not recorded in the funds until collected or collectible within 60 days of year end		(9,221)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to		
governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current		
financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net		
assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and		
similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the		
statement of activities. The effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and		
related items is as follows:		
Amortization of deferred bond refunding loss/issuance costs/premiums		(11,416)
Principal payments on long-term debt		230,000
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in		
governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due		2,520
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as		
insurance and equipment rental, to individual funds. The net revenue (expenses) of certain		
internal service funds is reported with governmental activities	_	249,854
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$	1,836,198

City of Zeeland, Michigan STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2005

	Enterprise Funds					
	Clean				Internal	
	Electric	Water	Water		Service	
	Utility	Utility	Utility	Total	Funds	
ASSETS						
Current Assets:						
Cash and investments	\$ 16,202,443	\$ 2,445,114	\$ 4,001,500	\$ 22,649,057	\$ 2,034,837	
Receivables:						
Accounts	1,921,565	386,423	163,061	2,471,049	-	
Interest	53,181	15,436	11,637	80,254	5,176	
Inventories	350,104	52,050	-	402,154	-	
Prepaid items	3,073,329	52,533	5,685	3,131,547	32,851	
Total Current Assets	21,600,622	2,951,556	4,181,883	28,734,061	2,072,864	
Noncurrent Assets:						
Restricted cash - Revenue bond covenant accounts	663,000	986,895	-	1,649,895		
Capital assets:						
Land	761,721	122,611	10,706	895,038	-	
Construction in progress	411,200	422,025	-	833,225	-	
Land improvements	258,511	140,669	129,781	528,961	-	
Buildings and improvements	2,526,745	780,934	856,571	4,164,250	-	
Systems	36,869,474	19,819,795	11,845,223	68,534,492	-	
Machinery and equipment	955,398	154,152	42,964	1,152,514	2,707,547	
Less accumulated depreciation	(19,613,860)	<u>(5,924,616</u>)	(5,278,999)	(30,817,475)	(1,107,091)	
Total Capital Assets	22,169,189	15,515,570	7,606,246	45,291,005	1,600,456	
Total Noncurrent Assets	22,832,189	16,502,465	7,606,246	46,940,900	1,600,456	
Total Assets	44,432,811	19,454,021	11,788,129	75,674,961	3,673,320	
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	2,704,376	217,414	41,797	2,963,587	64,149	
Accrued payroll	14,935	3,075	5,032	23,042	2,161	
Accrued interest payable	42,711	108,305	-	151,016	-	
Current portion of long-term debt	370,000	515,000		885,000		
Total Current Liabilities	3,132,022	843,794	46,829	4,022,645	66,310	
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Long-term debt, net of current portion	4,935,000	8,420,000		13,355,000		
Total Liabilities	8,067,022	9,263,794	46,829	17,377,645	66,310	
NET ASSETS						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	16,864,189	6,580,570	7,606,246	31,051,005	1,600,456	
Restricted for debt service	663,000	986,895	-	1,649,895	-	
Unrestricted	18,838,600	2,622,762	4,135,054	25,596,416	2,006,554	
Total Net Assets	\$ 36,365,789	\$ 10,190,227	\$ 11,741,300	58,297,316	\$ 3,607,010	
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal s	ervice fund activiti	es to enterprise fi	unds	191,645		
Net assets of business-type activities				\$ 58,488,961		

City of Zeeland, Michigan STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Electric Utility	Water Utility	Clean Water Utility	Total	Internal Service Funds	
Operating Revenues: Electric sales	\$ 17,093,517	\$ - 3,128,092	\$ -	\$ 17,093,517 3,128,092	\$ -	
Water sales Sewage disposal charges	-	3,120,092	1,548,347	1,548,347	_	
Charges for services	_	-	-	-	1,705,899	
Other revenues	40,300	8,407	20,665	69,372	5,914	
Total Operating Revenues	17,133,817	3,136,499	1,569,012	21,839,328	1,711,813	
Operating Expenses:	•					
Electric production and purchases	11,542,027	-	-	11,542,027	-	
Water production and purchases	-	1,008,161	-	1,008,161	-	
Waste treatment	-	-	472,079	472,079	-	
Transmission and distribution	1,683,239	289,433	79,658	2,052,330	-	
Customer accounts	278,357	133,469	96,215	508,041	-	
Supplies and other operating expenses	-	-	-		1,291,144	
General and administrative	426,408	146,541	186,571	759,520	12,085	
Depreciation	1,420,650	595,291	332,347	2,348,288	191,563	
Total Operating Expenses	15,350,681	2,172,895	1,166,870	18,690,446	1,494,792	
Operating Income (Loss)	1,783,136	963,604	402,142	3,148,882	217,021	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)						
Interest income	509,623	102,718	119,210	731,551	41,938	
Interest expense	(212,779)	(451,097)	-	(663,876)	-	
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	(2,889)	5,250	-	2,361	8,450	
Other	20,400	32,550		52,950		
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	314,355	(310,579)	119,210	122,986	50,388	
Income Before Contributions and Transfers	2,097,491	653,025	521,352	3,271,868	267,409	
Capital contributions	301,275	92,365	137,194	530,834	-	
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	46,200	
Transfers out	(344,000)			(344,000)		
Change in Net Assets	2,054,766	745,390	658,546	3,458,702	313,609	
Net Assets - July 1	34,311,023	9,444,837	11,082,754		3,293,401	
Net Assets - June 30	\$ 36,365,789	\$ 10,190,227	<u>\$ 11,741,300</u>		\$ 3,607,010	
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal	service funds act	ivities to enterpri	se funds	63,755		
Change in net assets of business-type activities				\$ 3,522,457		

City of Zeeland, Michigan STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2005

			Clean		Internal
	Electric	Water	Water		Service
	Utility	Utility	Utility	Total	Funds
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:					
Receipts from customers	\$ 16,735,310	\$ 3,048,227	\$ 1,560,704	\$ 21,344,241	\$ -
Payments to suppliers	(12,856,940)	(1,212,814)	(523,780)	(14,593,534)	(1,046,339)
Payments to employees	(897,318)	(289,547)	(297,121)	(1,483,986)	(147,615)
Received from interfund charges	-	-	-	-	1,705,899
Other receipts (payments)	20,400	32,550	<u>-</u>	52,950	5,914
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	3,001,452	1,578,416	739,803	5,319,671	<u>517,859</u>
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities:					
Transfers from/to other funds	(344,000)	-	-	(344,000)	46,200
Transfers from to outer rands					
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activiti	ies:				
Capital contributions	301,275	92,365	137,194	530,834	-
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(1,604,941)	(610,744)	(229,833)	(2,445,518)	(32,925)
Principal paid on capital debt	(660,000)	(480,000)	-	(1,140,000)	-
Interest paid on capital debt	(217,528)	(456,705)	-	(674,233)	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		5,250		5,250	8,450
Net Cash Provided (Used) By					
Capital and Related Financing Activities	(2,181,194)	(1,449,834)	(92,639)	(3,723,667)	(24,475)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:					
Interest received on investments	456,442	. 87,282	107,573	651,297	36,762
Intel® 1000 on all to an arrangements					
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Investments	932,700	215,864	754,737	1,903,301	576,346
Cash and Investments - July 1	15,932,743	3,216,145	3,246,763	22,395,651	1,458,491
Cash and Investments - June 30	\$ 16,865,443	\$ 3,432,009	\$ 4,001,500	\$ 24,298,952	\$ 2,034,837
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net					
Cash Provided By Operating Activities:					
Operating income (loss)	\$ 1,783,136	\$ 963,604	\$ 402,142	\$ 3,148,882	\$ 217,021
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net	, ,	•			
cash provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation	1,420,650	595,291	332,347	2,348,288	191,563
Other operating income (expense)	20,400	32,550	, -	52,950	-
Change in assets and liabilities:	,	•			
Receivables	(398,507)	(88,272)	(8,308)	(495,087)	138,545
Inventories	(81,211)	1,590	` -	(79,621)	-
Prepaid items	(819,748)	10,800	(5,685)	(814,633)	(32,851)
Accounts payable	1,074,373	63,219	17,510	1,155,102	2,849
Accrued and other liabilities	2,359	(366)	1,797	3,790	732
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	\$ 3,001,452	\$ 1,578,416	\$ 739,803	\$ 5,319,671	\$ 517,859
The Cash Horizon of Operating Assertion	* 2300 x 3 100 Z		······································		
Cash and investments:					
Cash and investments	\$ 16,202,443	\$ 2,445,114	\$ 4,001,500	\$ 22,649,057	\$ 2,034,837
Revenue bond covenant accounts	663,000	986,895	-	1,649,895	-
	<u>\$ 16,865,443</u>	\$ 3,432,009	\$ 4,001,500	\$ 24,298,952	\$ 2,034,837

City of Zeeland, Michigan STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS June 30, 2005

	Defined Penefit			
	Benefit			
	Pension		Agency	
	Trust Fund	Funds		
ASSETS			104 551	
Cash and investments	\$ 6,940	\$	104,751	
Investments:				
Money market funds	127,348		-	
U.S. government securities	1,421,837			
Stocks	2,582,098		-	
Bonds	264,584		-	
Accrued interest receivable	23,118			
Total Assets	4,425,925	<u>\$</u>	104,751	
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable		\$	20,583	
Customer deposits	-		82,387	
Due to other governments	·	_	1,781	
Total Liabilities		<u>\$</u>	104,751	
NET ASSETS	A // 122 022			
Held in Trust for Pension Benefits	<u>\$ 4,425,925</u>			

City of Zeeland, Michigan STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Defined Benefit Pension Trust Fund
ADDITIONS	
Contributions:	
Employer	\$ 187,332
Employee	3,518
Total Contributions	190,850
Investment earnings:	
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	177,072
Interest	80,044
Dividends	54,138
Net Investment Earnings	311,254
Total Additions	502,104
DEDUCTIONS	
Benefit payments	196,612
Administrative expense	62,515
Total Deductions	259,127
Change in Net Assets	242,977
Net Assets - July 1	4,182,948
Net Assets - June 30	<u>\$ 4,425,925</u>

City of Zeeland, Michigan NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year Ended June 30, 2005

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the City of Zeeland conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the City of Zeeland:

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Zeeland is governed by an elected mayor and six-member council. The accompanying financial statements present the city and its component units, entities for which the city is considered to be financially accountable. Although blended component units are legal separate entities, in substance, they are part of the city's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government (see discussion below for description).

Blended Component Unit. The Zeeland Building Authority has a three member board that is appointed by the City Council. During 1991, the Building Authority issued limited tax general obligation bonds to finance a part of the cost of the acquisition and construction of improvements of two existing downtown parking lots. The city has entered into a long-term lease with the authority for the use of these facilities. The city established special assessment districts and will levy an annual operating millage to finance the operations of the authority. During 1998, the Building Authority issued limited tax general obligation bonds to finance additions and improvements to city hall and the construction of a storage building at the street department. The city has entered into a long-term lease with the authority for the project. The city is required to provide annually sufficient monies from its general funds for the payment of the outstanding bonds.

Discretely Presented Component Unit. The city has no discretely presented component units.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable. (The City of Zeeland has no such component units.)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenue.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the city considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, expenditures relating to compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, special assessments, licenses, interest revenue, and charges for services. Other revenue is recorded when received.

The city reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the city's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Major and Local Street Funds - The Major Street and Local Street Funds account for the resources of state gas and weight taxes that are restricted for use on major and local streets. They also account for monies received from special taxes levied for street improvement purposes and for monies received from General Fund contributions.

The city reports the following major proprietary funds:

Electric Utility Fund - This fund is used to account for the electric utility sales and costs associated with the generation, purchase, transmission and distribution of electricity.

Water Utility Fund - This fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of a water distribution system, including storage tanks, pumping stations, distribution mains and services and related equipment. Water is purchased from the City of Holland Board of Public Works for storage and distribution to Zeeland's customers.

Clean Water Utility Fund - This fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of a wastewater collection system, lift stations and treatment facility.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for certain purposes and for monies received from General Fund transfers for specified purposes.

Debt Service Funds - Debt Service Funds account for resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

Capital Projects Funds - Capital Project Funds are used to account for resources accumulated for the acquisition or construction of specific capital projects or items.

Permanent Funds - The Permanent Fund is used to record the activity of the Cemetery Trust which provides funds for the perpetual care of cemetery lots.

Proprietary Funds

Internal Service Funds - Internal Service Funds account for 1) building maintenance services, 2) major machinery, equipment and vehicle purchases and maintenance and 3) health care self-insurance services provided to other departments of the city on a cost reimbursement basis.

Fiduciary Funds (Not included in government-wide statements)

Pension Trust Fund - The Pension Trust Fund account for the activities of the city's defined benefit pension plan for eligible employees and are accounted for in essentially the same manner as proprietary funds.

Agency Funds - Agency Funds account for assets held by the city in a purely custodial capacity. Agency funds are custodial in nature (i.e., assets equal liabilities) and do not involve the measurement of results of operations.

Private-sector standards of accounting issued prior to December 1, 1989, are generally followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with the standards of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The city has elected not to follow private-sector standards issued after November 30, 1989 for its business-type activities.

As a general rule, the effect of the inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the city's electric, water and sewer functions and various other functions of the city. Eliminations of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenue include: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenue rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenue and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenue and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of our proprietary funds relate to charges to customers for sales and services. The water and clean water funds also recognize the portion of tap fees intended to recover current costs (e.g., labor and materials to hook up new customers) as operating revenue. The portion intended to recover the cost of the infrastructure is recognized as non-operating revenue. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenue and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the city's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

1. Bank Deposits and Investments.

The city pools cash resources of its various funds to facilitate the management of cash. The balances in the pooled cash accounts are available to meet current operating requirements. Cash in excess of current requirements is invested in various interest bearing securities and disclosed as part of the city's investments. Debt service funds, self-insurance funds, bond covenant accounts and Pension Trust Funds are maintained in separate accounts.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the proprietary funds type considers all transactions within the city's pooled cash accounts to be cash and cash equivalents.

Investments are recorded at fair value. Interest is accrued and earnings in the pooled cash accounts are allocated quarterly to each fund based upon monthly balances of cash and investments.

2. Receivables and Payables.

In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as "advances to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts. The property tax receivable allowance is equal to 100 percent of the outstanding property taxes. No allowance for uncollectible accounts is considered for other receivables.

3. Inventories and Prepaid Items.

Inventories are valued at cost, on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

4. Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of the enterprise funds revenues bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net assets because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. The "revenue bond covenant accounts" are used to segregate resources set aside to make up potential future deficiencies in the bond current debt service accounts.

5. Capital Assets.

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the city as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. During the current year \$0 of interest expense was capitalized as part of the cost of assets under construction.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years		
Buildings and improvements	20-40		
Land improvements	5-10		
Machinery and equipment	5-15		
Office furniture and equipment	5-20		
Vehicles	3-25		
Roads and sidewalks	15-25		
Electric, water and sewer systems	10-50		

6. Compensated Absences.

It is the city's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for sick leave since the city does not have a policy to pay amounts when the employees separate from service from the city. If material, all vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only for employee terminations at year-end.

7. Long-Term Obligations.

In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

8. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

E. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied on each July 1 (lien date and due date) on the taxable valuation of property as of the preceding December 31. Real and personal property taxes are collected without additional charge from a period of 45 days from the due date the bills are due. After that period of time, two percent penalty and interest at three quarters of a percent per month are added to all unpaid taxes. The city continues to collect taxes until March 1, at which time the delinquent real property taxes are returned to the county for collection. The county's policy has been to pay the city for all delinquent real property taxes returned. The city continues to collect delinquent personal property taxes.

The city's 2004 ad valorem tax is levied and collectible on July 1, 2004, and is recognized as revenue in the year ended June 30, 2005, when the proceeds of this levy are budgeted and made available for the financing of operations.

The 2004 taxable valuation of the city totaled \$231,358,085 excluding abated valuations, on which ad valorem taxes levied consisted of 10.8854 mills for operating purposes and .5000 mills for library debt purposes. This resulted in \$2,518,412 for operating purposes and \$115,669 for library debt purposes.

In addition the city's 2004 taxable valuation for abated property totaled \$285,358,100 on which taxes levied consisted of 5.44270 mills for operating purposes and .2500 mills for library debt purposes. This resulted in \$1,553,118 for operating purposes and \$71,339 for library debt purposes.

The above amounts are recognized in the respective General and Debt Service Funds financial statements as tax revenue.

F. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

State Construction Code Act — The city oversees building construction, in accordance with the State's Construction Code Act, including inspection of building construction and renovation to ensure compliance with the building codes. The city charges fees for these services. Beginning January 1, 2000, the law requires that collection of these fees be used only for construction code costs, including an allocation of estimated overhead costs.

The city accounts for the activity of its building inspection department within its general fund. Following is a summary of the cumulative deficit and activity for the year ended June 30, 2005:

Surplus (deficit) - July 1, 2004	\$ (170,063)
Charges for services Building inspection expenditures	\$ 162,756 (130,618) 32,138
Surplus (deficit) - June 30, 2005	<u>\$ (137,925)</u>

NOTE 3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

Michigan Compiled Laws, Section 129.91, authorizes the local governmental unit to make deposits and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations which have an office in Michigan. The local unit is allowed to invest in bonds, securities and other direct obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; United States government or federal agency obligations; repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptance of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications which mature not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

The governing body has designated several banks for the deposit of city funds. The investment policy adopted by the city in accordance with Public Act 196 of 1997 has authorized investment in all of the State statutory authority as listed above.

The city's pension trust funds investments are held in trust by the investment fiduciary, Merrill Lynch Trust Company. Michigan Compiled Laws, Section 38.1132, authorizes the city pension trusts to invest in a wide variety of investments including stocks, bonds, diversified investment companies, certificates of deposit, real estate, annuity investment contracts, and certain other specified investment vehicles. Specific limitations apply to the various investment types depending on the size of the pension trust.

The city's deposits and investment policy are in accordance with statutory authority.

At year-end, the city's deposits and investments were reported in the basic financial statements in the following categories:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Fiduciary Funds	Total	
Cash and investments Revenue bond covenant accounts	\$ 6,887,505	\$ 22,649,057 1,649,895	\$ 4,507,558 	\$ 34,044,120 1,649,895	
Total	\$ 6,887,505	\$ 24,298,952	\$ 4,507,558	\$ 35,694,015	

The breakdown between deposits and investments is as follows:

	City	Pension Trust	Total	
Bank deposits (checking and savings accounts,				
certificates of deposit)	\$ 4,727,050	\$ 6,940	\$ 4,733,990	
Investments:				
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	12,027,425	-	12,027,425	
Federal National Mortgage Corporation	7,130,246	-	7,130,246	
Federal Home Loan Bank	2,683,959	-	2,683,959	
Federal Farm Credit Bank	193,438	-	193,438	
Government National Mortgage Association	-	377,027	377,027	
US Treasury Notes	564,927	1,044,810	1,609,737	
Corporate bonds	-	264,584	264,584	
Corporate stocks	-	2,582,098	2,582,098	
Money market accounts	3,964,163	127,348	4,091,511	
Total investments	26,564,158	4,395,867	30,960,025	
Total deposits and investments	\$ 31,291,208	\$ 4,402,807	\$ 35,694,015	

The city's investment in US Government and Agency debt obligations at year end consists of:

Investment	Maturities	Fair Value	Investment	Maturities	Fair Value
Federal Home Loan Mtg Corp	03-01-08	\$ 746,399	Federal National Mtg Assoc	05-18-07	\$ 570,954
Federal Home Loan Mtg Corp	03-01-08	75,516	Federal National Mtg Assoc	11-15-07	986,560
Federal Home Loan Mtg Corp	06-01-08	1,127,268	Federal National Mtg Assoc	06-18-07	1,950,620
Federal Home Loan Mtg Corp	04-01-08	74,270	Federal National Mtg Assoc	02-13-07	98,766
Federal Home Loan Mtg Corp	05-01-08	844,079	Federal National Mtg Assoc	04-30-08	992,190
Federal Home Loan Mtg Corp	07-01-08	409,430	Federal National Mtg Assoc	05-05-09	995,940
Federal Home Loan Mtg Corp	08-01-08	234,619	Federal National Mtg Assoc	02-15-09	263,841
Federal Home Loan Mtg Corp	09-01-08	356,917	Federal National Mtg Assoc	02-15-10	269,495
Federal Home Loan Mtg Corp	12-01-08	585,898	Federal Home Loan Bank	05-15-07	978,440
Federal Home Loan Mtg Corp	01-01-09	1,294,742	Federal Home Loan Bank	05-24-07	499,845
Federal Home Loan Mtg Corp	03-01-07	86,961	Federal Home Loan Bank	01-15-08	98,157
Federal Home Loan Mtg Corp	11-01-07	373,173	Federal Home Loan Bank	05-26-09	37,500
Federal Home Loan Mtg Corp	05-01-09	610,089	Federal Home Loan Bank	12-01-09	79,500
Federal Home Loan Mtg Corp	10-28-09	599,022	Federal Home Loan Bank	11-02-07	98,938
Federal Home Loan Mtg Corp	05-15-19	464,662	Federal Home Loan Bank	12-23-08	98,047
Federal Home Loan Mtg Corp	04-23-08	248,020	Federal Home Loan Bank	02-15-07	98,531
Federal Home Loan Mtg Corp	06-25-08	1,933,080	Federal Home Loan Bank	08-15-07	199,500
Federal Home Loan Mtg Corp	03-30-09	99,559	Federal Home Loan Bank	02-15-08	197,376
Federal Home Loan Mtg Corp	08-15-20	995,150	Federal Home Loan Bank	08-15-08	298,125
Federal Home Loan Mtg Corp	12-15-06	266,541	Federal Farm Credit Bank	03-12-09	193,438
Federal Home Loan Mtg Corp	09-15-08	267,638	US Treasury Note	10-31-05	99,492
Federal Home Loan Mtg Corp	02-15-07	264,009	US Treasury Note	11-15-06	98,715
Federal Home Loan Mtg Corp	04-01-08	70,383	US Treasury Note	05-31-06	99,106
Federal National Mtg Assoc	04-29-09	1,001,880	US Treasury Note	01-31-06	267,614
			Total		\$22,599,995

The city's pension trust fund investments in debt obligations at year end consist of:

Investment	Maturities	Fair Value	Investment	Maturities	Fair Value
US Government and Agency Obligation	ons:				
Government National Mtg Assoc	2033	\$ 62,997	US Treasury Note	11-15-04	\$ 25,587
Government National Mtg Assoc	2034	41,211	US Treasury Note	01-15-10	113,461
Government National Mtg Assoc	2034	84,579	US Treasury Note	01-15-15	100,633
Government National Mtg Assoc	2034	48,905	US Treasury Note	03-15-10	70,763
Government National Mtg Assoc	2035	55,002	Total US Gov't & Agency Obligat	ions	1,421,837
Government National Mtg Assoc	2035	39,125	Corporate Bonds:		
Government National Mtg Assoc	2035	45,208	Bear Steams Co., Inc. Note	01-15-07	30,686
US Treasury Note	08-15-05	226,918	Birkshire Hathaway Note	10-15-08	14,593
US Treasury Note	02-15-06	172,344	Campbell Soup Co. Note	3-15-07	30,719
US Treasury Note	02-15-08	7,324	DaimlerChrysler Hldg Note	11-15-13	45,453
US Treasury Note	05-15-08	41,056	Walt Disney Co. Note	03-01-02	16,588
US Treasury Note	11-05-13	6,146	FleetBoston Financial Corp. Note	02-15-08	14,864
US Treasury Note	12-15-08	120,775	General Electric Capital Corp. Note	05-01-08	31,481
US Treasury Note	12-15-07	98,834	Goldman Sachs Group, Inc. Note	01-15-15	33,612
US Treasury Note	04-30-06	18,805	JP Morgan Chase & Co. Note	02-01-08	14,924
US Treasury Note	05-15-09	38,220	Morgan Stanley Dean Witter Bonds	04-01-07	23,641
US Treasury Note	10-15-09	3,944	Washington Mutual Inc. Note	01-15-08	8,023
			Total Corporate Bonds		264,584
			Total		\$ 1,686,421

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the city's deposits may not be returned. At year end the bank balance of the city's deposits was \$4,811,943 of which \$800,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$4,011,943 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized. The city believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all bank deposits. The city's investment policy provides that deposits are restricted to financial institutions that have been evaluated for creditworthiness and meet certain ratios.

Interest rate risk. Except as limited by state law as listed in the above list of authorized investments the city does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit risk. The city has no investment policy that limits its investment choices beyond those required by state law. The city's and pension trust fund's investments in US Government Agency obligations were rated AAA by Standard & Poor's. The pension trust fund's investments in corporate bonds were rated as follows:

Standard &		
Poor's Rating	1	Amount
AAA	\$	46,074
A+		72,177
Α		61,405
A-		24,611
BBB		45,453
Not rated		14,864
	\$	264,584
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

At year end the city had \$3,964,163 and the pension trust fund had \$127,348 in permissible money market funds that are not separately rated.

Custodial Credit Risk-Investments. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the city will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of the outside party. The city has not adopted a policy for investment custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2005, the city's investments were held by a third party in the city's name. The city's investments in money market accounts are not subject to risk categorization.

Concentration of Credit Risk. State law does not limit and the city has not adopted a formal policy on the amount the city may invest in any one issuer. More than 5% of the city's investments are in the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp. (38.8%), the Federal National Mortgage Corp. (23.0%), and the Federal Home Loan Bank (8.7%).

B. Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the city's individual major funds, and non-major funds, internal service funds, and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	General	Major Street	Local Street	Electric Utility	Water Utility	Clean Water Utility	Non-major Funds	Internal Service Funds	Fiduciary	Total
Receivables:			-					_	_	_
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Accounts	22,352	79	-	1,921,565	386,423	163,061	3,075	-	-	2,496,555
Interest	4,040	231	832	53,181	15,436	11,637	7,275	5,176	23,118	120,926
Special assessments	-	-		-	_	-	9,221	-	-	9,221
Intergovernmental	185,402	55,517		_						240,919
Gross receivables	211,794	55,827	832	1,974,746	401,859	174,698	19,571	5,176	23,118	2,867,621
Allowance for uncollectibles								=		
Net Total Receivables	\$ 211,794	\$ 55,827	\$ 832	\$ 1,974,746	\$ 401,859	\$ 174,698	\$ 19,571	\$ 5,176	\$ 23,118	\$ 2,867,621

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenue that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the city reported no deferred revenue.

C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity of the primary government for the current year was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Completed Construction	Ending Balance
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated				***************************************	
Land	\$ 1,107,657	\$ 232,943	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,340,600
Construction in progress	188,745	808,419		(69,564)	927,600
Subtotal	1,296,402	1,041,362	•	(69,564)	2,268,200
Capital Assets Being Depreciated					
Land improvements	776,238	103,490	-	-	879,728
Buildings and improvements	8,955,341	<u></u>	-	-	8,955,341
Machinery and equipment	457,135	16,235	-	-	473,370
Office furniture and equipment	539,849	52,729	-	-	592,578
Equipment-Motor Pool	507,016	13,296	(9,520)		510,792
Vehicles-Motor Pool	2,202,126	19,629	(25,000)	-	2,196,755
Infrastructure	13,497,284	1,136,793		69,564	14,703,641
Subtotal	26,934,989	1,342,172	(34,520)	69,564	28,312,205
Less Accumulated Depreciation for					
Land improvements	(548,718)	(57,147)	-	-	(605,865)
Buildings and improvements	(1,699,132)	(280,893)	_	-	(1,980,025)
Machinery and equipment	(279,054)	(42,369)	-	-	(321,423)
Office furniture and equipment	(342,639)	(69,451)	-	•	(412,090)
Equipment-Motor Pool	(261,320)	(46,817)	9,520	-	(298,617)
Vehicles-Motor Pool	(688,728)	(144,746)	25,000	-	(808,474)
Infrastructure	(5,632,576)	(809,200)			(6,441,776)
Subtotal	(9,452,167)	(1,450,623)	34,520		(10,868,270)
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated	17,482,822	(108,451)		69,564	17,443,935
Governmental Activities Total					
Capital Assets - Net of Depreciation	\$ 18,779,224	\$ 932,911	<u></u>	<u> </u>	\$ 19,712,135

Business-Type Activities	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Completed Construction	Ending Balance
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	d 070 007	A 04.750	Φ.	e	\$ 895,038
Land	\$ 870,286	\$ 24,752 816,0 <u>62</u>	\$ -	\$ - (599,424)	\$ 895,038 833,225
Construction in progress	616,587	810,002		(377,424)	055,225
Subtotal	1,486,873	840,814		(599,424)	1,728,263
Capital Assets Being Depreciated					
Land improvements	528,961	-	-	-	528,961
Building and improvements	4,016,026	148,224	<u>-</u>		4,164,250
Systems	66,701,831	1,275,547	(42,310)	599,424	68,534,492
Machinery and equipment	1,090,676	180,933	(119,095)		1,152,514
Subtotal	72,337,494	1,604,704	(161,405)	599,424	74,380,217
Less Accumulated Depreciation for					
Land improvements	(387,946)	(34,179)	-	-	(422,125)
Buildings and improvements	(1,629,973)	(115,051)	•	-	(1,745,024)
Systems	(25,775,210)	(2,065,089)	39,421	-	(27,800,878)
Machinery and equipment	(834,574)	(133,969)	119,095	_	(849,448)
Subtotal	(28,627,703)	(2,348,288)	158,516		(30,817,475)
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated	43,709,791	(743,584)	(2,889)	599,424	43,562,742
Business Type Activities Total					
Capital Assets - Net of Depreciation	\$ 45,196,664	\$ 97,230	\$ (2,889)	<u> </u>	\$ 45,291,005
Depreciation expense was charged to p	programs of the pr	imary governme	ent as follows:		
Governmental Activities					
General government			\$	128,548	
Public safety				114,156	
Public works				814,662	
Health and welfare				-	
Community and economic develops	nent			-	
Recreation and culture				201,694	
Internal service fund depreciation is various functions based on their u			_	191,563	
Total Governmental Activities			<u>\$</u>	1,450,623	
Business-Type Activities					
Electric			\$, ,	
Water				595,291	
Clean water				332,347	
Total Business-Type Activities			<u>\$</u>	2,348,288	

Construction Commitments-The city has active construction projects at year-end. At year-end the city's commitments with contractors are as follows:

		Remaining
	Spent to Date	Commitment
Electric Utility projects	\$ 50,000	\$ 4,815,000
Water Utility projects	415,000	223,000
Clean Water Utility projects	188,352	223,017
Major Streets construction projects	463,830	1,829,582
Gentex Corporation infrastructure projects	1,801,251	1,829,582
Total	\$ 2,918,433	\$ 8,920,181

D. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

At June 30, 2005, there were no interfund balances. Interfund transfers reported in the funds statements were as follows:

	Transfers Out								
	General Fund		Major Street Fund		Non-major Governmental Funds		Electric Utility Fund		Total
Transfers In									
General Fund	\$	-	\$ -		\$ 11,880	(1) \$	344,000	(2) \$	355,880
Major Street Fund	920,0	00 (3)	-		-		-		920,000
Local Street Fund	290,0	00 (3)	-		41,133	(6)	-		331,133
Parking System Fund	68,0	00 (4)	-		-		-		68,000
CDBG Grant Fund	120,0	00 (5)	-		-		-		120,000
Community Center Fund	137,0	00 (4)	-		-		-		137,000
Library Fund	245,0	00 (4)	-		-		-		245,000
Shopping Area Redevelopment Fund	10,0	00 (4)			-		-		10,000
1993 M.T.F. Act 175 Debt Fund		-	44,000	(7)	-		-		44,000
1998 Building Authority G.O. Debt Fund	111,0	00 (7)	-		-		-		111,000
Capital Improvements Fund	168,0	(8) 00	-		3,075	(1)	-		171,075
City Park Improvement Fund	80,0	(8) 00	-		-				80,000
Motor Pool Fund	46,2	(8)		-		_	<u>:</u>	_	46,200
	\$ 2,195,2	:00	\$ 44,000		\$ 56,088	\$	344,000	\$	2,639,288

The following describes the nature of significant transfers:

- (i) Transfer to General Fund and Capital Projects Fund to close out funds no longer used
- (2) Transfer from Electric Utility Fund to General Fund for annual agreed upon payment in lieu of taxes
- (3) Transfers from General Fund to Major and Local Street Funds for street construction
- (4) Transfers from General Fund for annual operating purposes
- (5) Transfers from General Fund for city's portion of street construction projects
- (6) Transfer from Capital Projects SA Districts Fund to Local Street Fund for street improvement projects
- (7) Transfers from Major Street and General Funds for annual debt service requirements
- (8) Transfers from General Fund for capital acquisitions

E. Long-Term Debt

The city issues bonds to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. County contractual agreements and installment purchase agreements are also general obligations of the government. Special assessment bonds provide for capital improvements that benefit specific properties, and will be repaid from amounts levied against those properties benefited from the construction. In the event that a deficiency exists because of unpaid or delinquent special assessments at the time a debt service payment is due, the city is obligated to provide resources to cover the deficiency until other resources (such as tax sale proceeds or a re-assessment of the district) are received. Revenue bonds involve a pledge of specific income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service.

Bond and contractual obligation activity can be summarized as follows:

	(Original Issue)	Beginning Balance		Additions	F	Reductions		Ending Balance		ue Within One Year
Governmental Activities												
General obligation bonds												
1998 Building Authority, interest rates												55.000
from 4.1% to 6.0%, maturing 2018	\$	1,400,000	\$	1,245,000	\$	-	\$	(55,000)	\$	1,190,000	\$	60,000
1994 Library Building, interest rates												
from 5.7% to 7.25%, maturing 2009		400,000		150,000		•		(30,000)		120,000		30,000
2003 Library Refunding, interest rates												
from 2,0%-3.1%, maturing 2014		1,630,000		1,600,000		-		(110,000)		1,490,000		115,000
Michigan transportation bonds												
1993 MTF, interest rates									-			
from 2.4%-7.25%, maturing 2007		440,000		150,000	_		_	(35,000)	_	115,000	_	35,000
Total Governmental Activities			\$	3,145,000	\$	_	<u>\$</u>	(230,000)	\$	2,915,000	\$	240,000
Business-Type Activities Revenue bonds 1999 Electric Revenue and Refunding, interest												
rates from 3.3% to 4.85%, maturing 2018		3,125,000	\$	1,805,000	\$	-	\$	(305,000)	\$	1,500,000	\$	5,000
2003 Electric Refunding, interest rates												
from 2.0%-3.0%, maturing 2013		4,230,000		4,160,000		-		(355,000)		3,805,000		365,000
1995 Water Revenue, interest rates												
from 4.1%-5.75%, maturing 2015		2,500,000		1,925,000		-		(90,000)		1,835,000		95,000
1996 Water Revenue, interest rates												
from 4.0%-7.0%, maturing 2016		2,500,000		1,885,000		•		(105,000)		1,780,000		115,000
2001 Water Revenue, interest rates												
from 4.3%-5.5%, maturing 2020		4,300,000		3,930,000		•		(150,000)		3,780,000		160,000
2002 Water refunding, interest rates												
from 3.0%-3.9%, maturing 2013		1,810,000		1,675,000		-	_	(135,000)	_	1,540,000		145,000
Total Business-Type Activities			\$	15,380,000	\$_	_	\$	(1,140,000)	\$	14,240,000	\$	885,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the above obligations are as follows:

Year Ended		Governmen	tal Ac	tivities	Business-Type Activit		ctivities	
June 30	Principal		Interest]	Principal		Interest
2006	\$	240,000	\$	103,334	\$	885,000	\$	589,519
2007		250,000		95,026		915,000		559,829
2008		260,000		86,191		960,000		528,102
2009		225,000		76,820		1,000,000		493,424
2010		235,000		69,090		1,045,000		456,001
2011-2015		1,275,000		218,543		5,825,000		1,592,438
2016-2020		430,000		40,025		3,265,000		434,783
2021						345,000		9,487
Total	<u>\$</u>	2,915,000	<u>\$</u>	689,029	<u>\$</u>	14,240,000	<u>\$</u>	4,663,583

F. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the business-type activities are amounts required to be set aside for debt service by Electric Utility Fund and Water Utility Fund revenue bond covenants as follows:

Electric Utility revenue bond covenant amounts Water Utility revenue bond covenant amounts	\$ 663,000 986,895
	\$ 1,649,895

NOTE 4. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management, Heath-Care Self-Insurance and Litigation

The city is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions and employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The city is insured under the Michigan Municipal League for workers' compensation claims, general liability, and property loss. In addition the Electric Utility and Water Utility Funds obtain commercial insurance coverage for general liability and property loss. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Michigan Municipal League risk pool operates as a common risk-sharing program for local units of government in Michigan; member premiums are used to purchase commercial excess insurance coverage and to pay member claims in excess of deductible amounts.

The city maintains a health care self insurance fund to account for the city's health care and dental coverage which are self-insured by the city. Health care claims in excess of specified amounts and long-term disability claims are covered through third-party insurance policies. Revenues are recognized from city contributions. The city estimates the liability for health and dental claims that have been incurred through the end of the fiscal year but have not been reported. These estimates are recorded in the Health Care Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund. Changes in the claims liability for the past two fiscal years were as follows:

		2005	 2004
Balance-July 1	\$	40,000	\$ 22,000
Incurred claims-including claims			
incurred but not reported		752,102	566,390
Claims payments		(752,102)	 (548,390)
Balance-June 30	<u>\$</u>	40,000	\$ 40,000

The city is defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the city attorney the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the city.

B. Power Sales Contract and Project Contract

The City of Zeeland through its Board of Public Works (BPW) entered into an agreement with the Michigan Public Power Agency (MPPA), a public body political and corporate of the State of Michigan created in 1978. MPPA was formed to undertake the planning, financing, development, acquisition, construction, improvement, operations, and maintenance of projects to supply electric power and energy for present or future needs of its members. Each of MPPA's participating members is a municipal corporation organized under the laws of the State of Michigan and owns and operates a municipal electric system. As of June 30, 2005, the MPPA had 14 participating municipalities.

In January, 1983, MPPA entered into a participation agreement with the Detroit Edison Company providing for the sale to MPPA of an undivided ownership interest (37.22%) in the Belle River Unit No. 1 coal-fueled electric generating facility. The 652 megawatt (MW) generating plant was placed in commercial operation on August 1, 1987. MPPA initially financed the purchase of its portion of the Belle River plant by issuing \$590,000,000 of Project Revenue Bonds.

The BPW has entered into a Power Sales Contract and a Project Support Contract with MPPA whereby MPPA will sell and the BPW will purchase its entitlement share (11.3MW or 4.94% of MPPA's interest) of power and energy from the Belle River plant. During fiscal year 2005, approximately 92.4 million kwh (or approximately 30% of the system's needs) were provided to Zeeland from the Belle River project.

The contracts require the BPW to charge rates for electric power, sufficient to provide revenues adequate to meet its obligations under the agreements. Payments made under the Power Sales Contract are operating expenses of the electric system. Payments made under the Project Support Contract are made after payment of operation and maintenance expenses of the electric system and after debt service payments of the electric system.

Under the provisions of the MPPA bonding resolution, neither the State of Michigan nor any political subdivision thereof, other than MPPA, nor any Participant or any other nonparticipating Member of MPPA is obligated to pay the principal of, premium, if any, or interest on the project revenue bonds and neither the full faith and credit or the taxing power of the State of Michigan or any such Participant or nonparticipating Member is pledged to the payment of the principal of, premium, if any, or interest on the project revenue bonds. MPPA does not have any taxing powers.

C. Other Post-Employment Benefits

The city has elected to provide postretirement health care, dental and life insurance benefits to certain eligible retired employees. Eligible recipients include all full-time employees who have reached the age of 62 and have worked at least ten years for the city. Such benefits are provided to eligible retirees within the schedule of benefits for the city's pre-Medicare and Medicare supplement insurance plans. The city may provide postretirement benefits to its retirees at its discretion and is not obligated in any manner to provide any postretirement benefits in addition to the pension benefits described under the Employee Retirement Systems and Plans note.

As of the end of the fiscal year, 32 eligible retirees and spouses were receiving such postretirement benefits. Expenditures for postretirement benefits are recognized as insurance premiums and claim administrator reimbursements become due. For the year ended June 30, 2005, expenditures of \$105,762 were recognized for postretirement health care and dental insurance benefits, which are net of \$41,755 in reimbursements received from retirees.

D. Deferred Compensation Plan

The city offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The assets of the plan were held in trust as described in IRC Section 457(g) for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries. The custodian thereof holds the custodial account for the beneficiaries of this Section 457 plan, and the assets may not be diverted for any other use. The Administrators are the agents of the employer for the purpose of providing direction to the custodian of the custodial accounts from time to time for the investment of the funds held in the account, transfer of the assets to or from the account and all other matters. In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement 32, plan balances and activities are not reflected in the city's financial statements.

E. Employee Retirement Systems and Plans

The City of Zeeland maintains two pension plans. The defined contribution plan was established July 1, 2000 and covers eligible employees hired after July 1, 2000 and employees hired prior to July 1, 2000 who elected to have their balances transferred from the city's defined benefit plan. Participation in the defined benefit plan was frozen effective July 1, 2000 and now covers only eligible employees hired prior to July 1, 2000 who elected to remain participants in the defined benefit plan and not participate in the defined contribution plan.

1. City of Zeeland Defined Benefit Pension Plan

a. Plan Description

The City of Zeeland Defined Benefit Pension Plan is a single employer plan administered by the City of Zeeland. All full-time employees employed by the city before July 1, 2000 and who work 25 hours or more per week were eligible to remain a participant in the plan. All employees hired on or after July 1, 2000 are required to become a participant in the defined contribution plan. The plan provides retirement and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. The plan was established by the city and can be amended at its discretion, subject to the terms of collective bargaining agreements covering various employee classes. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained at the city's offices.

b. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting — The plan's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Method Used to Value Investments - Plan investments are reported at fair market value. Quoted market prices are used to value investments.

c. Funding Policy

The City of Zeeland, under its charter and through various collective bargaining agreements, has the authority to establish and amend the obligations of the city and plan members to contribute to the plan. Except for police employees, active plan members are currently not obligated to make contributions to the plan. The city is required by the terms of the plan to contribute the actuarially determined amount necessary to fund the plan. In addition, police employees make contributions equal to 1.12% of compensation to partially fund their benefit.

d. Annual Pension Costs

For the year ended June 30, 2005, the city's annual pension cost of \$187,332 was equal to the required and actual contributions. The required pension contribution was determined as part of an actuarial valuation at July 1, 2004, using the aggregate actuarial cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions included (a) an 8% investment rate of return, (b) projected salary increases of 4.5% per year, and (c) no cost of living adjustments. The actuarial value of assets is equal to the fair market value of the assets held in the plan. The plan uses the aggregate actuarial cost method. This method does not identify and separately amortize unfunded actuarial liabilities.

Three year trend information as of June 30 follows:

	Year Ended June 30					
	2003 2004					2005
Annual pension costs (APC) Percentage of APC contributed Net pension obligation	\$ \$	208,997 100% -	\$ \$	187,332 100%	\$ \$	190,850 100%

2. City of Zeeland Defined Contribution Plan

The city provides pension benefits to all its employees meeting length of service requirements not participating in the defined benefit plan through a defined contribution plan administered by Merrill Lynch. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. The city contributes 8% of covered compensation for participants who were employed by the city before July 1, 2000 and 6% of covered compensation for employees for participants employed after July 1, 2000. Contributions made to the plan were \$158,237 for the year ended June 30, 2005. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the City Council.

Required Supplementary Information

City of Zeeland, Michigan REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Budgeted	Budgeted Amounts		Variance with Final	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Budget	
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 4,052,000	\$ 4,087,000	\$ 4,108,392	\$ 21,392	
Licenses and permits	104,500	199,500	199,632	132	
State shared revenues	489,500	576,000	571,833	(4,167)	
Charges for services	48,000	48,000	57,052	9,052	
Fines and forfeitures	25,000	25,000	34,924	9,924	
Interest	61,000	81,000	109,216	28,216	
Other	18,700	18,700	29,244	10,544	
Total Revenues	4,798,700	5,035,200	5,110,293	75,093	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General Government:	40.500	41.500	22.520	7.070	
Governing body	42,500	41,500	33,530	7,970	
Youth council	11,500	9,500	5,912	3,588	
Chief executive-mayor	8,700	6,700	5,964	736 4,635	
City services infrastructure	43,600	41,600 111,000	36,965 105,031	5,969	
City manager	108,500		9,591	1,709	
Elections	11,300	11,300 90,400	88,311	2,089	
Accounting	69,400 89,800	94,800	90,333	2,089 4,467	
Assessor	90,600	135,600	152,353	(16,753)	
Attorney	90,000 87,300	88,300	84,734	3,566	
Clerk	24,800	21,800	22,158	(358)	
Personnel management	1,300	1,300	1,173	127	
Board of review	192,000	206,000	203,913	2,087	
General services	40,900	46,600	46,197	403	
Treasurer	30,600	58,100	44,798	13,302	
Data processing	1,550	2,800	2,094	706	
Other property	1,330	101,400	84,659	16,741	
Cemetery Starma water management	19,000	18,950	12,272	6,678	
Storm water management	10,700	10,700	9,039	1,661	
Tree management Public relations	32,700	30,700	24,503	6,197	
Other	52,700	1,550	1,528	22	
541	1,020,150	1,130,600	1,065,058	65,542	
Total General Government	1,020,130	1,130,000	1,005,058	05,542	
Public Safety:	***	-44000		2.470	
Police administration	210,800	216,800	213,228	3,572	
Police patrol	415,700	403,700	387,927	15,773	
Team police project	15,600	8,600	5,801	2,799	
Fire services	327,900	330,900	318,948	11,952	
Building and zoning	105,700	134,200	130,618	3,582	
Emergency services	115,200	132,700	127,161	5,539	
Total Public Safety	1,190,900	1,226,900	1,183,683	43,217	

(Continued on next page)

City of Zeeland, Michigan REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISION SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final
	Original	Final	Amounts	Budget
Public Works:				
Sidewalks	26,800	38,300	33,774	4,526
Highways, streets, and bridges	10,500	10,500	7,804	2,696
Street lighting	26,000	29,500	26,566	2,934
City clean-up	83,300	83,300	66,815	16,485
MACC transit	55,000	52,000	66,039	(14,039)
Total Public Works	201,600	213,600	200,998	12,602
Community and Economic Development				
Economic development	9,500	19,500	17,139	2,361
Planning commission	35,000	39,500	31,626	7,874
Internal planning	11,000	4,000	730	3,270
Construction board of appeals	600	600	237	363
Zoning board of appeals	6,000	4,000	1,397	2,603
Total Community and				
Economic Development	62,100	67,600	51,129	16,471
Recreation and Culture:				
Timbertown	4,900	900	29	871
Parks	121,200	121,200	105,550	15,650
Total Recreation and Culture	126,100	122,100	105,579	16,521
Insurance, Bonds, and Fringes:				
Employer FICA	105,000	105,000	104,112	888
Employee insurances	326,000	326,000	318,190	7,810
Employee retirement	191,600	179,600	169,895	9,705
Other	77,000	77,000	75,052	1,948
Total Insurance, Bonds, and Fringes	699,600	687,600	667,249	20,351
Total Expenditures	3,300,450	3,448,400	3,273,696	174,704
Excess Of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,498,250	1,586,800	1,836,597	249,797
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in	344,000	353,300	355,880	2,580
Transfers out	(2,060,200)	(2,195,200)	(2,195,200)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,716,200)	(1,841,900)	(1,839,320)	2,580
Net Change in Fund Balances	(217,950)	(255,100)	(2,723)	252,377
Fund Balances - July 1	1,822,780	1,822,780	1,822,780	
Fund Balances - June 30	\$ 1,604,830	\$ 1,567,680	\$ 1,820,057	\$ 252,377

City of Zeeland, Michigan REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MAJOR STREET FUND Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Budget	
Revenues:	ф	₽.	\$ -	\$ -	
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	J	φ -	
State grants	200,000	296,300	293,877	(2,423)	
State shared revenues	296,300	2,500	1,366	(1,134)	
Charges for services	2,500	15,000	8,103	(6,897)	
Interest	15,000	15,000	1,490	1,490	
Other		212.000			
Total Revenues	513,800	313,800	304,836	(8,964)	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Public Works:	1 155 000	015 000	902 120	111,870	
Construction	1,175,000	915,000	803,130	3,841	
Surface maintenance	64,400	71,400	67,559	(955)	
Off-surface maintenance	22,900	22,900	23,855	• ,	
Storm and drainage	35,100	35,100	19,960 560	15,140 2,440	
Non-motorized facilities	3,000	3,000		1,90 8	
Traffic services	36,700	45,700	43,792 50,558	14,342	
Winter maintenance	64,900	64,900	17,311	589	
Administration	16,900	17,900 5,000	948	4,052	
Engineering	5,000	8,600	8,202	398	
Record keeping	7,600	8,000	8,202		
Total Public Works	1,431,500	1,189,500	1,035,875	<u>153,625</u>	
Insurance, bonds, and fringes:					
Employer FICA	8,000	8,000	7,379	621	
Employee insurances	30,400	30,400	29,644	756	
Employee retirement	11,300	11,300	10,333	967	
Other	2,400	2,400	1,491	909	
Total Insurance, bonds, and fringes	52,100	52,100	48,847	3,253	
Total Expenditures	1,483,600	1,241,600	1,084,722	156,878	
Excess Of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(969,800)	(927,800)	(779,886)	147,914	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers in	890,000	920,000	920,000	-	
Transfers out	(44,000)	(44,000)	(44,000)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	846,000	876,000	876,000		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(123,800)	(51,800)	96,114	147,914	
Fund Balances - July 1	366,539	366,539	366,539	<u> </u>	
Fund Balances - June 30	\$ 242,739	\$ 314,739	\$ 462,653	\$ 147,914	

City of Zeeland, Michigan REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - LOCAL STREET FUND Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final		
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Amounts	Budget		
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
State shared revenues	115,200	115,200	120,072	4,872		
Charges for services	2,100	2,100	2,558	458		
Interest	5,000	5,000	5,774	<u>774</u>		
Total Revenues	122,300	122,300	128,404	6,104		
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public Works:						
Construction	172,000	42,000	14,729	27,271		
Surface maintenance	63,700	133,700	109,693	24,007		
Off-surface maintenance	25,700	25,700	19,504	6,196		
Storm and drainage	24,700	24,700	16,846	7,854		
Traffic services	23,600	28,600	24,362	4,238		
Winter maintenance	71,300	71,300	64,183	7,117		
Administration	16,900	16,900	16,993	(93)		
Engineering	5,000	5,000	395	4,605		
Record keeping	7,500	8,500	7,838	662		
Total Public Works	410,400	356,400	274,543	81,857		
Insurance, bonds, and fringes:						
Employer FICA	9,300	9,300	8,728	572		
Employee insurances	36,800	36,800	34,687	2,113		
Employee retirement	9,300	9,300	10,397	(1,097)		
Other	2,800	2,800	2,145	655		
		<u></u>				
Total Insurance, bonds, and fringes	58,200	58,200	55,957	2,243		
Total Expenditures	468,600	414,600	330,500	84,100		
Excess Of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(346,300)	(292,300)	(202,096)	90,204		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in	320,000	333,000	331,133	1,867		
Transfers out						
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	320,000	333,000	331,133	1,867		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(26,300)	40,700	129,037	92,071		
Fund Balances - July 1	142,133	142,133	142,133			
Fund Balances - June 30	\$ 115,833	\$ 182,833	\$ 271,170	\$ 92,071		

City of Zeeland, Michigan NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Year Ended June 30, 2005

NOTE - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABLITIY

A. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general, special revenue and debt service funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. Non-appropriated budgets are adopted for thee capital projects, enterprise, and internal service funds.

In February of each year, all department heads of the city submit requests for appropriations for each activity for which they are responsible to the budget officer so that a budget may be prepared. On or before March 31, the proposed budget is presented to the City Council for review. The City Council holds study sessions and public hearings and a final budget must be prepared and adopted no later than June 30.

In addition to adopting the annual operating budget, the City Council annually reviews and approves the Capital Improvement Program (CIP). The CIP is a six-year plan for capital project expenditures and anticipated revenue sources. Expenditures and revenues for these projects are budgeted in the appropriate fund.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, department and activity (i.e. treasurer, city hall, police patrol). Expenditures may not legally exceed budget appropriations at the activity level within the fund, department and activity. Department heads may adjust line items within the activity, however, only the City Council has the authority to amend the total activity budget. Transfers of appropriations between activities require approval of the City Council. A transfer of cash from one fund to another requires a vote of not less than five members of the City Council. Appropriated budgets are amended from time to time throughout the course of the fiscal year by supplementary resolutions approved by a majority vote of the City Council.

Amounts encumbered for purchase orders, contracts, etc., are not tracked during the year. Budget appropriations are considered to be spent once the goods are delivered or the services rendered.

B. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Budgeted Funds

During the year, the city incurred expenditures in certain budgeted funds which were in excess of the amounts appropriated, as follows:

	Budget propriation	Actual Expenditure		
Budget Items				
General Fund - Attorney	\$ 135,600	\$	152,353	
General Fund - Personnel management	21,800		22,158	
General Fund - MACC transit	52,000		66,039	
Major Street Fund - Off-surface maintenance	22,900		23,855	
Local Street Fund - Administration	16,900		16,993	
Local Street Fund - Employee retirement	9,300		10,397	

Supplemental Data

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are established to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources other than expendable trusts, or major capital projects that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Brownfield Development Authority Fund—was established to account for administrative revenues and expenditures related to future Brownfield Development Authority tax increment financing projects.

Parking System Fund--was established by Ordinance No. 249 as amended by Ordinance No. 307.

CDBG Grant-was established to account for grant revenues and expenditures related to the Gentex infrastructure improvements partially funded with CDBG grant monies.

Community Center--was established to account for building rental revenue received from the public for meetings, banquets and other community related events. Monies expended from this fund are used for Community Center purposes.

Library Fund--was established for the purpose of receiving restricted state revenue sharing, library penal fines, etc. Monies expended from this fund must be for authorized library purposes.

Legal Contingency--was established to account for out of the ordinary legal expenditures the city may incur throughout the fiscal year.

Special Events—was established to account for revenue and expenditures generated from various special activities the city may involve itself in.

Shopping Area Redevelopment Board Fund—was established to account for the economic development activities in the downtown area.

Debt Service Funds

Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of principal and interest of: 1) general obligation bonds from governmental resources; 2) Michigan transportation bonds from state shared motor vehicle revenues; and 3) special assessment bonds from special assessment levies backed by the city's governmental commitment.

Michigan Transportation Fund (M.T.F.)—to account for the current payment of principal and interest of 1993 Michigan Transportation Funds Bonds, issued for street improvements and repaid from state shared gas and weight tax revenues.

Building Authority General Obligation Debt--to account for the payment of interest and principal on long-term debt. Its assets are used for the redemption of Building Authority Bonds issued specifically for capital projects financed by the Zeeland Building Authority. In 1998, \$1,400,000 of Building Authority Bonds were issued to finance the additions and improvements to City Hall and the construction of a storage building for the street department.

Library General Obligation Debt--to account for the current payment of principal and interest on 1993 and 1994 unlimited tax general obligation bonds. In 1993, \$2,000,000 of general obligation bonds were issued to finance part of the cost of constructing a library/community center. In 1994, an additional \$400,000 of general obligation bonds were issued for this same purpose.

Capital Projects Funds

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds.

Capital Improvement Fund--this fund is used to account for the purchase and/or construction of capital facilities budgeted in the current year of the city's 6-Year Capital Improvement Program which are not accounted for by proprietary funds, trust funds, projects financed through special assessments, and street construction/improvements financed by Act 51 funds.

Veterans Monument—this fund accounts for the transactions of a monument constructed at the cemetery. This project was financed through contributions from the surrounding local governments and from private sources.

City Park Improvement Fund—this fund accounts for monies set aside for future improvements to all city parks.

Capital Projects (S.A. Districts) Fund—this fund accounts for the transactions of the construction phase of capital projects financed by special assessments, which special assessments have been financed with general purpose monies of the city or special assessment debt with government commitment. Capital projects and/or special assessment districts which have been financed by an enterprise fund are accounted for in the enterprise fund. Special assessment receivables are accounted for in this fund when financed by general purpose monies of the city.

City Building Fund--this fund accounts for the construction phase of the renovation of City Hall and the construction of a storage building for the street department. This project is financed with Building Authority bond monies and general city monies.

Library Building Fund—this fund accounts for the construction phase of the library/community center. This project is financed with general obligation bond monies and local private contributions. This project has been completed and remaining funds are used for any upgrades as needed.

Residential Improvement Fund-this fund was set up to accumulate monies for the purpose of purchasing, demolishing and improving substandard residential property.

City of Zeeland, Michigan COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2005

		Parking System	CDBG Grant	Brownfield Development Authority	Community Center	Library	Legal Contingency	Special Events	Shopping Area Redevelpoment Board	Total	
ASSETS											
Cash and investments	\$	4,663	\$ 267,153	\$ 509	\$ 36,755	\$ 192,401	\$ 124,651	\$ -	\$ 32,088	\$ 658,220	
Receivables: Accounts		_	-	_		_	3,075	_		3,075	
Interest		17	891		123	642	416	-	107	2,196	
Due from other governments						6,667				6,667	
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$</u>	4,680	\$ 268,044	\$ 509	\$ 36,878	\$ 199,710	\$ 128,142	\$ -	\$ 32,195	\$ 670,158	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:											
Accounts payable	\$	2,698	\$ 48,002	\$ -	\$ 926	\$ 9,642	\$ 45	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 61,313	
Accrued payroll	-	265			494	3,949				4,708	
Total Liabilities		2,963	48,002		1,420	13,591	45		<u>-</u>	66,021	
Fund Balances:										0.4.000	
Reserved for library		•	-	-	-	26,223	•	-	•	26,223	
Reserved for debt service		-	-	-		-	•	-	· •	-	
Reserved for perpetual care Unreserved	_	1,717	220,042	509	35,458	159,896	128,097		32,195	577,914	
Total Fund Balances		1,717	220,042	509	35,458	186,119	128,097		32,195	604,137	
Total Liabilities and									. 22.105	\$ 670,158	
Fund Balances	<u>\$</u>	4,680	\$ 268,044	\$ 509	\$ 36,878	\$ 199,710	\$ 128,142	<u>, </u>	\$ 32,195	3 070,138	

	Debt Service Funds Capital Projects Funds										Permanent Fund							
_	1993 M.T.F. Act 175	1998 Building Authority G.O. Debt				Library		Total	Capital Improvement	Veterans Monument	City Park Improvement	Capital Projects S.A. Districts	City Building	Library Building	Residential Improvement	Total	Perpetual Care	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$	3,456	\$	1,537	\$ 99,	371	\$ 104,364	\$ 134,499	s -	\$ 82,941	\$ 58	\$ 111,632	\$ -	\$ 117,291	\$ 446,421	\$ 1,076,999	\$ 2,286,004		
_	- - -		-		- - -	<u>.</u>	449	- - -	276	-	372	-	391	1,488	3,591	3,075 7,275 6,667		
<u>\$</u>	3,456	\$	1,537	\$ 99,	371	\$ 104,364	\$ 134,948	<u>s -</u>	\$ 83,217	\$ 58	\$ 112,004	<u>s -</u>	\$ 117,682	\$ 447,909	\$ 1,080,590	\$ 2,303,021		
\$	- -	\$	- 	\$		\$ - -	\$ - 	\$ - -	s - 	\$ -	\$ 233 	s - -	\$ - 	\$ 233 	\$ 285	\$ 61,831 4,708 66,539		
	- - - 3,456		1,537	99	,371 - -	99,371 - - 4,993	134,948	- - -	83,217	58	111,771	- - -	117,682	447,676	1,080,305	26,223 99,371 1,080,305 1,030,583		
-	3,456		1,537	99	,371	104,364	134,948		83,217	58	111,771	-	117,682	447,676	1,080,305	2,236,482		
5	3,456	\$	1,537	\$ 99	,371	\$ 104,364	\$ 134,948	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 83,217	\$ 58	\$ 112,004	<u>s -</u>	\$ 117,682	\$ 447,909	\$ 1,080,590	\$ 2,303,021		

City of Zeoland, Michigan COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Parking System	CDBG Grant	Brownfield Development Authority	Community Center	Library	Legal Contingency	Special Events	Shopping Area Redevelpoment Board	Total
Revenues:			s -	\$ -	s -	s -	s -	s -	s -
Taxes	s -	\$ - 517,804	\$ -	3 -	•	•	•		517,804
Federal grants	-	624,000	-	-				_	624,000
State grants	•	624,000	-	-	13,350	-	_	_	13,350
State shared revenues	-	-	-	•	232,226	_	_	_	232,226
Local unit contributions	198	11.388	•		9,605	_	2,925	_	24,116
Charges for services	3,636	11,300	-	_	19,516		2,727	_	23,152
Fines and forfeitures	176	3,882	9	25,713	4,876	3,684	164	882	39,386
Interest and rent	16,733	3,802	1,000	25,715	8,661	2,041			26,394
Other	10,733		1,000		0,001				
Total Revenues	20,743	1,157,074	1,009	25,713	288,234	3,684	3,089	882	1,500,428
Expenditures:									
Current:						35,003			35,003
General government			-	-	•	33,003	•	-	1,156,648
Public works	99,589	1,057,059	500	-	-	-	-	7,130	7,630
Community and economic development	-	•	300	135,132	428,576	-	2,925	7,130	566,633
Recreation and culture		-	=	16,560	83,466	•	2,923	-	111,982
Insurance, bonds, and fringes	11,956	•	-	10,300	63,400	-			111,502
Capital outlay	•	-	-	-	_	-	_	_	
Debt service		_				_	_	_	_
Principal	•	-	-	_		-	-		_
Interest	<u>_</u>								
Total Expenditures	111,545	1,057,059	500	151,692	512,042	35,003	2,925	7,130	1,877,896
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(90,802)	100,015	509	(125,979)	(223,808)	(31,319)	164	(6,248)	(377,468)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out	68,000	120,000	-	137,000	245,000		(9,321)	10,000	580,000 (9,321)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	68,000	120,000		137,000	245,000		(9,321)	10,000	570,679
Net Change in Fund Balances	(22,802)	220,015	509	11,021	21,192	(31,319)	(9,157)	3,752	193,211
Fund Balances - July l	24,519	27	-	24,437	164,927	159,416	9,157	28,443	410,926
Fund Balances - June 30	\$ 1,717	\$ 220,042	\$ 509	\$ 35,458	\$ 186,119	\$ 128,097	<u>s -</u>	\$ 32,195	\$ 604,137

	Debt Ser	vice Funds			<u></u>	Permanent Fund							
1993 M.T.F. Act 175	1998 Building Authority G.O. Debt	Library Debt	Total	Capital Improvement	Veterans Monument	City Park Improvement	Capital Projects S.A. Districts	City Building	Library Building	Residential Improvement	Total	Perpetual Care	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 187,008	\$ 187,008	\$ -	s -	s -	s -	\$ -	\$ -	s -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 187,008
•	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	*	-	•	517,804 624,000
-	-	-	-	-	*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,350
-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	232,226
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	45,875	69,991
-	-		-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23,152
166	689	2,677	3,532	3,441	29	1,796	1,310	6,731	89	3,233	16,629	31,085	90,632
			-	_			9,221				9,221		35,615
166	689	189,685	190,540	3,441	29	1,796	10,531	6,731	89	3,233	25,850	76,960	1,793,778
		_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_		-	8,787	43,790
-			_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,156,648
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,630
_	-	-	=	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	566,633
-	•	-	-		-	-	-	ace 021	-	•	433,058	-	111,982 433,058
-	-	-	•	167,187	-	-	-	265,871	-	-	433,038	·	455,030
35,000	55,000	140,000	230,000	_	-	-	_	_	-	_	_	-	230,000
8,263	55,722	49,555	113,540	-									113,540
43,263	110,722	189,555	343,540	167,187				265,871			433,058	8,787	2,663,281
(43,097)	(110,033)	130	(153,000)	(163,746)	29	1,796	10,531	(259,140)	89	3,233	(407,208)	68,173	(869,503)
	111.000		155,000	171,075	_	80,000	_	_	_		251,075		986,075
44,000	111,000	-	133,000	771,075	(2,559)	-	(41,133)		(3,075)		(46,767)		(56,088)
44,000	111,000	-	155,000	171,075	(2,559)	80,000	(41,133)		(3,075)		204,308	_ 	929,987
903	967	130	2,000	7,329	(2,530)	81,796	(30,602)	(259,140)	(2,986)	3,233	(202,900)	68,173	60,484
2,553	570	99,241	102,364	127,619	2,530	1,421	30,660	370,911	2,986	114,449	650,576	1,012,132	2,175,998
\$ 3,456	\$ 1,537	\$ 99,371	\$ 104,364	\$ 134,948	<u>\$</u>	\$ 83,217	<u>\$ 58</u>	\$ 111,771	<u>s -</u>	\$ 117,682	\$ 447,676	\$ 1,080,305	\$ 2,236,482

City of Zeeland, Michigan PARKING SYSTEM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2005

		Budgeted	Amou	nts	Actual		w	ariance ith Final
	Oı	iginal		Final	A	mounts	Budget	
Revenues:							4	100
Charges for services	\$	-	\$	-	\$	198	\$	198
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		3,636		3,636
Interest and rent		500		500		176		(324)
Other		38,000		38,000		16,733		(21,267)
Total Revenues		38,500		38,500		20,743		(17,757)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public works		92,400		101,400		99,589		1,811
Insurance, bonds, and fringes		7,100		14,100		11,956		2,144
Total Expenditures		99,500		115,500		111,545		3,955
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(61,000)		(77,000)		(90,802)		(21,712)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in		53,000	-	68,000		68,000		-
Net Change in Fund Balances		(8,000)		(9,000)		(22,802)		(21,712)
Fund Balances - July 1	-	24,519		24,519		24,519	_	
Fund Balances - June 30	\$	16,519	\$	15,519	\$	1,717	\$	(21,712)

City of Zeeland, Michigan CDBG GRANT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2005

		Budgeted Amounts			Actual			Variance vith Final
•	Or	iginal		Final		Amounts		Budget
Revenues:								
Federal grants	\$		\$	682,784	\$	517,804	\$	(164,980)
State grants		-		624,000		624,000		-
Charges for services		-		49,444		11,388		(38,056)
Interest and rent						3,882		3,882
Total Revenues			_	1,356,228		1,157,074		(199,154)
Expenditures:								
Current: Public works		-		1,339,024		1,057,059		281,965
rubiic works				1,000,000			_	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		-		17,204		100,015		(481,119)
Other Financing Courses (Heas):								
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in				120,000	_	120,000	_	
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		137,204		220,015		(481,119)
Fund Balances - July 1		27		27	_	27		•
Fund Balances - June 30	\$	27	<u>\$</u>	137,231	<u>\$</u>	220,042	\$	(481,119)

City of Zeeland, Michigan BROWNFIELD DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2005

		Budgeted	Amour	nts	A	Actual		ance Final
	Orig	ginal	J	Final	Aı	nounts	Budget	
Revenues:					-			
Interest and rent	\$	-	\$	•	\$	9	\$	9
Other				1,000		1,000		
Total Revenues		-		1,000		1,009		9
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Community and economic development				500		500		-
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		500		509		9
Fund Balances - July 1				<u></u>				
Fund Balances - June 30	\$	-	\$	500	\$	509	<u>\$</u>	9

City of Zeeland, Michigan COMMUNITY CENTER SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Budgeted	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Amounts	Duuget
Revenues:		Φ 01.000	ф <u>05.712</u>	\$ 4,713
Interest and rent	\$ 21,000	\$ 21,000	\$ 25,713	
Other	100	100		(100)
Total Revenues	21,100	21,100	25,713	4,613
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Recreation and culture	145,900	137,900	135,132	2,768
Insurance, bonds, and fringes	8,600	16,600	16,560	40
Total Expenditures	154,500	154,500	151,692	2,808
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(133,400)	(133,400)	(125,979)	1,805
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in	137,000	137,000	137,000	
Net Change in Fund Balances	3,600	3,600	11,021	1,805
Fund Balances - July 1	24,437	24,437	24,437	<u> </u>
Fund Balances - June 30	\$ 28,037	\$ 28,037	\$ 35,458	\$ 1,805

City of Zeeland, Michigan LIBRARY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2005

		Budgeted	Budgeted Amounts		Actual		Variance with Final	
		Original		Final		Amounts	I	Budget
Revenues:								
State shared revenues	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	\$	13,350	\$	8,350
Local unit contributions		217,500		217,500		232,226		14,726
Charges for services		6,000		6,000		9,605		3,605
Fines and forfeitures		12,000		12,000		19,516		7,516
Interest and rent		3,500		3,500		4,876		1,376
Other		7,000		7,000		8,661		1,661
Total Revenues		251,000		251,000	_	288,234		37,234
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Recreation and culture		434,050		434,050		428,576		5,474
Insurance, bonds, and fringes		96,800		104,500		83,466		21,034
Total Expenditures	_	530,850	-	538,550		512,042		26,508
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(279,850)		(287,550)		(223,808)		10,726
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in		245,000		245,000		245,000		
Net Change in Fund Balances		(34,850)		(42,550)		21,192		10,726
Fund Balances - July 1	_	164,927	_	164,927		164,927		
Fund Balances - June 30	\$	130,077	<u>\$</u>	122,377	<u>\$</u>	186,119	\$	10,726

City of Zeeland, Michigan LEGAL CONTINGENCY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Budget	
Revenues: Interest and rent	\$ 3,000	\$ 3,000	\$ 3,684	\$ 684	
Expenditures: Current: General government		38,000	35,003	2,997	
Net Change in Fund Balances	3,000	(35,000)	(31,319)	(2,313)	
Fund Balances - July 1	159,416	159,416	<u>159,416</u>		
Fund Balances - June 30	\$ 162,416	<u>\$ 124,416</u>	\$ 128,097	\$ (2,313)	

City of Zeeland, Michigan SPECIAL EVENTS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual		Variance with Final	
	Ori	ginal	I	Final	A	mounts	<u>E</u>	udget	
Revenues:	\$	_	\$	_	\$	2,925	\$	2,925	
Charges for services Interest and rent	φ 		Ψ 	<u>-</u>	Ψ	164		164	
Total Revenues		-		-		3,089		3,089	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Recreation and culture				-		2,925		(2,925)	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		•		-		164		6,014	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers out				(9,300)	, <u>.</u>	(9,321)		21	
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		(9,300)		(9,157)		6,035	
Fund Balances - July 1		9,157	U	9,157		9,157			
Fund Balances - June 30	\$	9,157	\$	(143)	\$	_	<u>\$</u>	6,035	

City of Zeeland, Michigan SHOPPING AREA REDEVELOPMENT BOARD SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2005

		Budgeted	Amou	ints	1	Actual		ariance ith Final
		Original		Final	A	mounts	1	Budget
Revenues:		_	•					
Interest and rent	\$	400	\$	400	\$	882	\$	482
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Community and economic development	_	22,200		22,200		7,130		15,070
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(21,800)		(21,800)		(6,248)		(14,588)
Excess of Revenues Over (Onder) Experiments		(21,000)		(21,000)		(0,240)		(11,500)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in		10,000		10,000		10,000		
Net Change in Fund Balances		(11,800)		(11,800)		3,752		(14,588)
Not Change in I and Dalances		(11,000)		(11,000)		0,.02		(= ',,)
Fund Balances - July 1		28,443		28,443		28,443		
				4.5.645	•	20.105	•	(1.4.500)
Fund Balances - June 30	\$	16,643	\$	16,643	\$	32,195	<u>\$</u>	(14,588)

City of Zeeland, Michigan 1993 M.T.F. ACT 175 DEBT SERVICE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues:	<u> </u>				
Interest and rent	<u> </u>	\$ -	<u>\$ 166</u>	<u>\$ 166</u>	
Expenditures:					
Debt service					
Principal	35,000	35,000	35,000	-	
Interest	9,300	9,300	8,263	1,037	
Total Expenditures	44,300	44,300	43,263	1,037	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(44,300)	(44,300)	(43,097)	(871)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in	44,000	44,000	44,000		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(300)	(300)	903	(871)	
Fund Balances - July 1	2,553	2,553	2,553		
Fund Balances - June 30	\$ 2,253	<u>\$ 2,253</u>	\$ 3,456	\$ (871)	

City of Zeeland, Michigan 1998 BUILDING AUTHORITY G.O. DEBT DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Budgeted		Actual	Variance with Final	
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Amounts	Budget	
Revenues:					
Interest and rent	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	\$ 689	\$ 689	
Expenditures:					
Debt service					
Principal	55,000	55,000	55,000	=	
Interest	55,630	55,630	55,722	(92)	
Total Expenditures	110,630	110,630	110,722	(92)	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(110,630)	(110,630)	(110,033)	781	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers in	111,000	111,000	111,000		
Net Change in Fund Balances	370	370	967	781	
Fund Balances - July 1	570	570	570		
Fund Balances - June 30	<u>\$ 940</u>	<u>\$ 940</u>	\$ 1,537	<u>\$ 781</u>	

City of Zeeland, Michigan LIBRARY DEBT DEBT SERVICE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final
	Original	Final	Amounts	Budget
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 184,500	\$ 184,500	\$ 187,008	\$ 2,508
Interest and rent	500	500	2,677	2,177
Total Revenues	185,000	185,000	189,685	4,685
Expenditures:				
Debt service				
Principal	140,000	140,000	140,000	-
Interest	49,600	49,600	49,555	45
Total Expenditures	189,600	189,600	189,555	45
Net Change in Fund Balances	(4,600)	(4,600)	130	4,640
Fund Balances - July 1	99,241	99,241	99,241	
Fund Balances - June 30	<u>\$ 94,641</u>	\$ 94,641	\$ 99,371	\$ 4,640

Supplemental Data Internal Service Funds

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government and to other government units, on a cost reimbursement basis.

Building Maintenance Fund--this fund is used to account for the expense of building operations and maintenance of all city buildings.

Motor Pool Fund—this fund is used to account for the rental of motor vehicles and machinery and equipment to other departments and related costs.

Health Care Self Insurance Fund-this fund is used to account for costs associated for the city's health insurance program. All claims, premiums and administrative expenses are paid from this fund.

City of Zeeland, Michigan COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS June 30, 2005

	Building Maintenance	Motor Pool	Health Care Self-Insurance	Total
ASSETS				
Current Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 111,148	\$ 1,449,970	\$ 473,719	\$ 2,034,837
Receivables:				
Interest	371	4,805	,	5,176
Prepaid items	8,268	24,583	-	32,851
Total Current Assets	119,787	1,479,358	473,719	2,072,864
Capital assets:				
Machinery and equipment	-	2,707,547	-	2,707,547
Less accumulated depreciation		(1,107,091)	**	(1,107,091)
Total Capital Assets		1,600,456		1,600,456
Total Assets	119,787	3,079,814	473,719	3,673,320
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	15,955	8,194	40,000	64,149
Accrued payroll	1,314	847		2,161
Total Current Liabilities	17,269	9,041	40,000	66,310
NET ASSETS				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	-	1,600,456	-	1,600,456
Unrestricted	102,518	1,470,317	433,719	2,006,554
Total Net Assets	\$ 102,518	\$ 3,070,773	\$ 433,719	\$ 3,607,010

City of Zeeland, Michigan COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Building Maintenance	Motor Pool	Health Care Self-Insurance	Total
Operating Revenues:		* 454.000	a 000 000	# 170£900
Charges for services	\$ 351,000	\$ 454,899 50	\$ 900,000 5,864	\$ 1,705,899 5,914
Other revenue	251.000		905,864	1,711,813
Total Operating Revenues	351,000	454,949	903,804	1,711,613
Operating Expenses:				
Supplies and other operating expenses	328,295	210,747	752,102	1,291,144
General and administrative	-	-	12,085	12,085
Depreciation		191,563		191,563
Total Operating Expenses	328,295	402,310	764,187	1,494,792
Operating Income	22,705	52,639	141,677	217,021
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)				
Interest earned	2,768	37,858	1,312	41,938
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		8,450		8,450
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	2,768	46,308	1,312	50,388
Income Before Transfers	25,473	98,947	142,989	267,409
Transfers in		46,200		46,200
Change in Net Assets	25,473	145,147	142,989	313,609
Net Assets - July 1	77,045	2,925,626	290,730	3,293,401
Net Assets - June 30	<u>\$ 102,518</u>	\$ 3,070,773	\$ 433,719	\$ 3,607,010

City of Zeeland, Michigan COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2005

		Building aintenance		Motor Pool		ealth Care f-Insurance		Total
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:				-				
Payments to suppliers	\$	(244,514)	\$	(176,183)	\$	(625,642)	\$ (1,046,339)
Payments to employees		(88,351)		(59,264)		-		(147,615)
Received from interfund charges		351,000		454,899		900,000		1,705,899
Other receipts (payments)				50		5,864	,	5,914
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities	_	18,135		219,502	_	280,222		517,859
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities:								
Transfers from/to other funds	_	<u>-</u>	_	46,200		-		46,200
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:								
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		-		(32,925)		_		(32,925)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		8,450		-		8,450
-			_		-			
Net Cash Provided (Used) By		_		(24,475)		_		(24,475)
Capital and Related Financing Activities			_	(24,475)	_			(21,110)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:								
Interest received on investments		2,397	_	33,053		1,312	_	36,762
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Investments		20,532		274,280		281,534		576,346
Cash and Investments - July 1		90,616	_	1,175,690		192,185		1,458,491
Cash and Investments - June 30	<u>\$</u>	111,148	<u>\$</u>	1,449,970	<u>\$</u>	473,719	\$	2,034,837
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities: Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net	\$	22,705	\$	52,639	\$	141,677	\$	217,021
cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation		-		191,563		-		191,563
Change in assets and liabilities:								100 5 : 5
Receivables		-		-		138,545		138,545
Prepaid items		(8,268)		(24,583)		•		(32,851)
Accounts payable		3,296		(447)				2,849
Accrued and other liabilities		402	_	330				732
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities	<u>\$</u>	18,135	<u>\$</u>	219,502	<u>\$</u>	280,222	\$	517,859

STATISTICAL SECTION

City of Zeeland, Michigan GENERAL FUND REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES BY FUNCTION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	FY1996	FY1997	FY1998	FY1999	FY2000	FY2001	FY2002
Revenues and other financing sources:							
Property Taxes	\$ 2,284,014	\$ 2,345,776	\$ 2,556,276	\$ 2,794,853	\$ 3,068,152	\$ 3,148,587	\$ 2,968,779
Licenses and Permits	61,166	65,702	70,718	79,255	73,155	78,243	88,145
State Sources	652,942	650,772	657,573	688,906	678,405	73 7,7 05	703,994
Grants	0	12,000	0	25,850	469	0	0
Charges for Services	35,746	43,022	38,905	59,683	54,444	67,414	66,670
Fines and Forfeitures	39,568	39,950	38,400	38,301	40,917	29,229	32,737
Interest	76,349	69,692	74,894	85,872	95,546	158,791	77,685
Other	41,142	15,736	40,920	42,239	20,221	27,663	30,526
Operating Transfers In	206,552	279,761	301,356	409,301	324,593	331,975	345,907
	\$ 3,397,479	\$ 3,522,411	\$ 3,779,042	\$ 4,224,260	\$ 4,355,902	\$ 4,579,607	\$ 4,314,443
Expenditures and other Uses:							
General government	\$ 733,946	\$ 811,570	\$ 816,985	\$ 714,116	\$ 757,038	\$ 809,962	\$ 801,012
Public Safety	631,953	678,015	675,162	772,098	926,054	954,117	1,007,355
Public Works	81,981	114,370	145,724	118,776	243,023	115,666	145,872
Health and Welfare	4,875	3,250	2,310	2,771	2,542	2,670	7,260
Recreation and Culture	63,996	76,859	82,109	90,508	95,067	99,101	106,183
Insurance, Bonds, and Fringes	307,100	329,293	322,323	337,906	380,109	433,146	510,934
Capital Outlay	40,342	137,311	45,692	21,696	35,764	24,870	23,855
Operating Transfers Out	1,328,000	1,349,000	1,564,750	1,957,200	1,786,000	2,326,200	1,362,840
	\$ 3,192,193	\$ 3,499,668	\$ 3,655,055	\$ 4,015,071	\$ 4,225,597	\$ 4,765,732	\$ 3,965,311

		Ε	1

FY2003	FY2004	FY2005				
\$ 3,289,293	\$ 4,210,780	\$ 4,108,392				
79,548	103,610	199,632				
745,664	578,090	571,833				
6,000	0	0				
49,768	55,403	57,052				
24,556	36,222	34,924				
40,060	103,664	109,216				
22,522	68,544	29,244				
346,704	368,002	355,880				
\$ 4,604,115	\$ 5,524,315	\$ 5,466,173				
\$ 4,604,115	\$ 5,524,315					
\$ 4,604,115	\$ 1,033,348	\$ 1,065,058				
	\$ 1,033,348 1,171,332	\$ 1,065,058 1,183,683				
\$ 903,175	\$ 1,033,348	\$ 1,065,058				
\$ 903,175 1,130,836 151,140 0	\$ 1,033,348 1,171,332	\$ 1,065,058 1,183,683 200,998 51,129				
\$ 903,175 1,130,836 151,140	\$ 1,033,348 1,171,332 175,482	\$ 1,065,058 1,183,683 200,998				
\$ 903,175 1,130,836 151,140 0	\$ 1,033,348 1,171,332 175,482 58,176	\$ 1,065,058 1,183,683 200,998 51,129				
\$ 903,175 1,130,836 151,140 0 99,958	\$ 1,033,348 1,171,332 175,482 58,176 112,213	\$ 1,065,058 1,183,683 200,998 51,129 105,579				
\$ 903,175 1,130,836 151,140 0 99,958 618,450	\$ 1,033,348 1,171,332 175,482 58,176 112,213 617,464	\$ 1,065,058 1,183,683 200,998 51,129 105,579 667,249				

City of Zeeland, Michigan PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

ast Ten Fisca	l Years							TABLE 2
Tax Year	Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Tax Levy	1	Collections to March 1 ar Following Levy	Percent Collected	Co	ollections to June 30	Percent Collected to June 30
1995	1996	\$ 2,430,385	\$	2,384,220	98.1%	\$	2,430,360	99.9%
1996	1997	2,505,218		2,465,376	98.4%		2,501,630	99.9%
1997	1998	2,730,310		2,694,707	98.7%		2,727,180	99.9%
1998	1999	3,319,686		3,279,905	98.8%		3,318,273	99.9%
1999	2000	3,743,299		3,679,261	98.3%		3,740,348	99,9%
2000	2001	3,576,921		3,530,072	98.7%		3,569,044	99.8%
2001	2002	3,734,589		3,645,380	97.6%		3,715,258	99.5%
2002	2003	4,228,641		4,105,362	97.2%		4,159,407	98,4%
2003	2004	4,184,440		4,130,234	98.7%		4,163,708	99.5%
2004	2005	4,258,538		4,236,923	99.5%		4,257,954	99,99%

City of Zeeland, Michigan ASSESSED, TAXABLE AND EQUALIZED VALUATIONS OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

Last Ten Fiscal Years TABLE 3

Fiscal Year Ended		Real Property			Personal Property			Total	
June 30	Taxable	Assessed	Equalized	Taxable	Assessed	Equalized	Taxable	Assessed	Equalized
1996	\$ 113,491,400	\$ 115,848,800	\$ 115,848,800	\$ 37,465,900	\$ 37,565,600	\$ 37,565,600	\$ 150,957,300	\$ 153,414,400	\$ 153,414,400
1997	119,495,639	121,886,000	121,886,000	40,487,102	41,367,500	41,367,500	159,982,741	163,253,500	163,253,500
1998	128,601,266	136,441,000	136,441,000	44,878,318	45,103,850	45,103,850	173,479,584	181,544,850	181,544,850
1999	138,925,187	152,407,600	152,407,600	45,829,000	45,829,000	45,829,000	184,754,187	198,236,600	198,236,600
2000	146,275,373	166,665,000	166,665,000	47,399,000	47,399,000	47,399,000	193,674,373	214,064,000	214,064,000
2001	153,749,163	175,814,200	175,814,200	47,733,900	47,733,900	47,733,900	201,483,063	223,548,100	223,548,100
2002	163,312,393	186,640,200	186,640,200	50,136,800	50,136,800	50,136,800	213,449,193	236,777,000	236,777,000
2003	172,485,944	201,240,400	201,240,400	49,387,300	49,387,300	49,387,300	221,873,244	250,627,700	250,627,700
2004	179,679,963	214,320,600	214,320,600	48,309,000	48,309,000	48,309,000	227,988,963	262,629,600	262,629,000
2005	184,345,185	214,738,800	214,738,800	47,012,900	47,012,900	47,012,900	231,358,085	261,751,700	261,751,700

NOTE: Does not include industrial & commercial facilities SEV

Fiscal Year		Equalized	Taxable
			(2.200.020
1996	Act 198 & 255	62,208,939	62,208,939
1997	Act 198 & 255	93,426,800	93,426,800
1998	Act 198 & 255	105,985,300	103,504,772
1999	Act 198 & 255	104,378,900	103,049,987
2000	Act 198 & 255	115,427,000	108,625,833
2001	Act 198 & 255	116,920,200	111,120,870
2002	Act 198 & 255	157,652,000	152,378,839
2003	Act 198 & 255	230,045,500	228,148,141
2004	Act 198 & 255	280,411,200	2 7 9,080,713
2005	Act 198 & 255	286,191,900	285,358,100

City of Zeeland, Michigan PROPERTY TAX RATES PER \$1,000 STATE EQUALIZED VALUATION FOR DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS

TABLE 4 Last Ten Fiscal Years SCHOOL CITY State Fiscal Education Year Ended Total Debt Tax Total Operating June 30* Operating Streets Debt 5,6300 6.0000 12.6300 0.0000 0.9500 14,3000 1,0000 1996 ** Н 13.3500 6.0000 30.6300 14,3000 19.0000 5.6300 1996 NH 13.3500 0.0000 0.9500 12.6300 13,8500 1,0000 5.6300 6.0000 0.0000 0.8500 13.0000 1997 Η 6.0000 30,6300 5.6300 0.0000 0.8500 13,8500 19.0000 1997 NH 13.0000 5.6300 6.0000 12.6275 13.8500 0.9975 0.0000 0.8500 1998 Н 13.0000 NH 13.0000 0,0000 0.8500 13,8500 18.9975 5.6300 6,0000 30.6275 1998 5.6300 6.0000 13.0222 1.3922 13.0000 2.0000 0.8500 15.8500 1999 Н 0.8500 15.8500 19.3922 5,6300 6,0000 31.0222 2.0000 13.0000 1999 NH 14.0236 6.0000 6.6300 2.0000 0.8500 15.1000 1.3936 2000 Η 12.2500 15,1000 19.3936 6,6300 6.0000 32.0236 0.8500 2000 NH 12.2500 2.0000 1.3816 6.6300 6.0000 14.0116 12.1500 1.9858 0.7500 14.8858 2001 н 6.6000 6.0000 31.9816 19.3816 1.9858 0.7500 14.8858 2001 NH 12,1500 6,6300 6.0000 14.0074 1,3774 1.9858 0,7500 12.8858 2002 Η 10,1500 6,0000 32.0074 12.8858 19.3774 6.6300 1.9858 0.7500 NH 10.1500 2002 6.0000 13.9965 9.8500 1.9852 0.5500 12.3852 1.3665 6 6300 2003 Η 6,6300 6,0000 31.9965 12.3852 19.3665 1.9852 0.5500 2003 NH 9,8500 13.0010 0.5500 11.3854 1.3710 6.6300 5.0000 10.8354 2004 Н 6.6300 5.0000 31.0010 11.3854 19.3710 2004 NH 10.8354 0.5500 0.5000 11,3854 1,4000 6,6300 6,0000 14.0300 2005 H 10.8854 32.0300 6.0000 6.6300 2005 NH 10.8854 0.5000 11.3854 19.4000 INTERMEDIATE SCHOOL DISTRICT COUNTY Fiscal GRAND Intermediate Special Vocational Ottawa Year Ended TOTAL Education Education Total June 30* County School 3.4730 35.3020 1.0852 1996 ** 4.8990 0.1108 2,2770 Η 1.0852 3.4730 53.3020 0.1108 2.2770 1996 NΗ 4.8990 34.6695 0.1108 2,2770 1.0852 3.4730 4.7165 1997 Н 52.6695 1.0852 3.4730 1997 ΝH 4.7165 0.1108 2.2770 1.0831 3.4664 34.6424 4,6985 0.1106 2.2727 1998 Н 52,6424 1.0831 3.4664 1998 NH 4.6985 0.1106 2.2727 36.8114 2 2677 1.0807 3.4588 0.1104 1999 Н 4.4804 54.8114 NH 4.4804 0.1104 2,2677 1.0807 3,4588 1999 37,8401 4.3353 1.0734 4.3812 0.1096 3.1523 2000 H 4.3353 55.8401 0.1096 3.1523 1.0734 2000 ΝH 4.3812 37.5733 3,1265 1.0647 4.2999 4.3760 0.1087 2001 Н 1.0647 4.2999 55.5433 4.3760 0.1087 3.1265 2001 NH4.2854 35,4508 3.1265 1.0502 2002 Н 4.2722 0.1087 53 4508 0.1087 3.1265 1.0502 4.2854 NH 4.2722 2002 4.2688 34.8177 1.0570 2003 4,1672 0.10783.1040 Н 0.1078 3.1040 1.0570 4,2688 52.8177 4.1672 2003 NH 32,7780 0.1068 3.0762 1.0475 4.2305 2004 Н 4.1611 50,7780 4.2305 1.0475 3.0762 2004 NH 4.1611 0.1068 0.1065 3.0680 1.0447 4.2192 33.8939 4.2593 2005 Η 51.8939

4.2593

2005

NH

3,0680

1.0447

4.2192

0,1065

^{*} Fiscal year for Ottawa County begins January 1

^{**} H = Homestead Properties

NH = Non-Homestead Properties

City of Zeeland, Michigan PROFILE OF TEN LARGEST PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

TABLE 5 PROFILE OF TEN LARGEST PROPERTY TAXPAYERS % of 2005 2005 Taxable Taxable Taxpayer Principal Product/Service Valuation * Valuation* 165,289,515 31.39% Mirant Zeeland LLC Power Generation Mead Johnson Infant Formula 56,582,552 10.75% 53,921,212 10.24% Gentex Corporation Automotive and Glass Parts Institutional Furniture 23,170,749 4.40% Herman Miller, Inc. 10,325,600 1.96% ITW Drawform Stamping Operations 6,146,506 1.17% Automotive Parts Innotec Corp 5,773,000 1.10% Howard Miller Clock Co. Grandfather and Wall Clocks Door Lights and Skylights 5,543,669 1.05% ODL Inc 0.99% Structural Honeycomb Products 5,205,192 Plascore, Inc 4,497,335 0.85% Zeeland Chemicals, Inc Chemicals Total Taxable Assessed Value of 10 Largest Taxpayers 336,455,330 63.90% Total Taxable Assessed Value 190,110,683 36.10% of all Other Taxpayers Total Taxable Assessed Value of all Taxpayers ** 526,566,013 100.0 %

Source: City of Zeeland

^{*} Taxable Value as 12/31/04. Includes ad valorem and the value of IFT's granted under Act 198

City of Zeeland, Michigan PROFILE OF TEN LARGEST EMPLOYERS

TABLE 6 PROFILE OF TEN LARGEST PROPERTY EMPLOYERS City of Zeeland Principal Product/Service Employees <u>Taxpayer</u> Institutional Furniture 2,545 Herman Miller, Inc. 2,170 Automotive and Glass Parts Gentex Corporation 675 Zeeland Public Schools Elementary/Secondary Education Zeeland Community Hospital Hospital/Health Services 477 Grandfather and Wall Clocks 505 Howard Miller Clock Co. 400 Airline Fuel Systems Woodward Governor Co. 375 ODL Inc Door Lights and Skylights 280 Stamping Operations ITW Drawform 367 Infant Formula Mead Johnson 210 Senior Health Care Haven Park Christian Nursing Home

Source: City of Zeeland

City of Zeeland, Michigan SPECIAL ASSESSMENT COLLECTIONS

Last Ten Fiscal Yea	rs		 			TABLE 7	
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Current Assessments Due		Current and Deferred Collections	Percentage of Collection to Amount Due	Total Outstanding Assessments		
1995	\$	127,210	\$ 130,453	102.54	\$	425,274	
1996		152,756	152,756	100.00		508,519	
1997		139,256	139,256	100.00		369,263	
1998		106,732	163,054	152.77		206,209	
1999		64,716	59,916	92.58		244,288	
2000		64,716	117,997	182.33		126,291	
2001		53,272	53,272	100.00		73,018	
2002		27,307	27,307	100,00		45,711	
2003		27,788	27,788	100,00		17,923	
2004		8,701	8,701	100.00		9,221	
2005		9,221	9,221	100.00		0	

City of Zeeland, Michigan COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN

 June 30, 2005
 TABLE 8

 STATE EQUALIZED VALUATION*
 \$ 261,751,700

			Legal Margin	
	 Actual Net Debt	Percentage of State Equalized Valuation	 Amount	Available Legal Debt Margin
General obligation debt	\$ 2,800,000 `	10%	\$ 26,175,170	\$ 23,375,170
Emergency bonds	0	3/8%	981,569	984,861
Special assessment bonds	0	12%	 31,410,204	 31,515,552
Total Debt Subject to Statutory Limitation	2,800,000		 58,566,943	\$ 55,875,583
Debt not subject to limitation	 14,355,000			
TOTAL DEBT	\$ 17,155,000			

^{*}State Equalized Valuation does not include the value of tax-exempt property (e.g. governmental facilities, churches, public schools, etc.) or property granted tax abatement under Act 198, which amounts to \$286,191,100.

NOTE: The statutory debt limit of net bonded indebtedness incurred for all public purposes shall not at any one time exceed 10% of the state equalized valuation of taxable property in the city (\$261,751,700), except that this limit may be exceeded by 3/8ths of 1% in case of fire, flood, or other calamity. This limitation does not include bonds issued in anticipation of the payment of special assessments, nor bonds issued pursuant to court order for sewage and garbage disposal systems.

The Michigan State Bond Act provided that the total debt in special assessment bonds, which would require that the city pledge its faith and credit, shall not exceed 12% of the assessed valuation of taxable property of the city, nor shall such bonds be issued in any calendar year in excess of 3% unless voted.

City of Zeeland, Michigan RATIO OF NET BONDED DEBT TO STATE EQUALIZED VALUE AND PER CAPITA

t Ten Fiscal Year	s		 	 	 	 TABL
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Population	State Equalized Value	 Gross Bonded Debt	 Debt Service Monies Available	 Self Supporting Debt	 Net Bonded Debt
1996	5,417	\$ 153,414,400	\$ 26,460,000	\$ 1,035,081	\$ 16,876,667	\$ 8,548,2
1997	5,417	163,253,500	24,175,000	998,966	16,343,034	6,833,0
1998	5,417	181,544,850	22,957,375	904,911	17,142,619	4,909,8
1999	5,417	198,236,600	23,440,000	1,062,365	18,669,697	3,707,9
2000	5,805	214,064,000	22,190,000	1,121,658	17,565,566	3,502,7
2001	5,805	223,548,100	25,165,000	1,339,771	20,515,900	3,309,3
2002	5,805	236,777,000	23,730,000	1,382,451	19,214,499	3,133,0
2003	5,805	250,627,700	19,705,000	1,915,160	14,795,768	2,994,0
2004	5,805	262,629,600	18,525,000	1,752,259	13,877,552	2,895,
2005	5,805	261,751,700	17,155,000	1,754,259	12,701,649	2,699,0
Fiscal Year Ended June 30					% of Net Bonded Debt to State qualized Value	 Net Bonde Debt Per Capita
1996					5.57	1578
1997					4.19	1261
1998					2.70	906
1999					1.87	684
2000					1.64	603
2001		•			1.48	570
2002					1.32	540
2003					1.19	516
2004					1.10	499
2005					1.03	465

City of Zeeland, Michigan RATIO OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE FOR GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT TO TOTAL GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES

Last Ten Fiscal Yea	irs							TABLE 10
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Principal		Principal Interest				otal General Fund xpenditures	Ratio of Debt Service to General Expenditures
1996	\$	215,000	\$	246,282	\$	461,282	\$ 3,192,193	14.45%
1997		250,000		220,368		470,368	3,499,668	13,44
1998		275,000		204,421		479,421	3,655,055	13.12
1999		305,000		157,364		462,364	4,015,071	11.52
2000		175,000		200,735		375,735	4,225,597	8.89
2001		190,000		169,022		359,022	4,765,732	7.53
2002		145,000		159,285		304,285	3,965,311	7.67
2003		155,000		152,408		307,408	4,614,109	6.66
2004		195,000		120,881		315,881	5,128,493	6.16
2005		230,000		111,921		341,921	5,468,896	6.25

City of Zeeland, Michigan COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING BONDED DEBT

June 30, 2005		TABLE 11
DIRECT DEBT:		
General obligation bonds		\$ 2,800,000
Michigan transportation bonds		115,000
Electric revenue bonds		5,305,000
Water revenue bonds		8,935,000
Clean Water revenue bonds		0
		17,155,000
Less:		
Funds for general obligation principal	\$ 100,90	
Michigan transportation bonds	115,00	
Revenue bonds	14,240,00	14,455,908
Net Direct Debt		2,699,092
OVERLAPPING DEBT:		
2.88% of Ottawa County Debt	\$ 480,81	6
2.54% of Ottawa Intermediate School District	198,50	1
24.18% of Zeeland Public School District debt	25,214,90	<u>4</u>
Overlapping Debt		25,894,221
NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT		\$ 28,593,313
		Percentage of
	Per Capita Debt	Debt to State Equalized Value
Net direct debt	\$ 46	5 1.03%
Net direct and overlapping debt	4,92	7 10.92%

City of Zeeland, Michigan SCHEDULE OF REVENUE BOND COVERAGE - ELECTRIC UTILITY FUND

Last Ten Fiscal Years TABLE 12

Fiscal Year Ended	Gross	Expenses and Operating	Net Revenue Available For	De			
June 30	Revenues (1)	Transfers (2)	Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
1996	\$ 12,001,728	\$ 9,282,978	\$ 2,718,750	\$ 350,000	\$ 444,146	\$ 794,146	3.42
1997	12,655,733	10,039,626	2,616,107	370,000	419,474	789,474	3.31
1998	13,416,346	10,389,527	3,026,819	395,000	399,756	794,756	3.81
1999	14,235,358	11,000,287	3,235,071	425,000	375,985	800,985	4.04
2000	14,406,969	9,825,028	4,581,941	470,000	373,681	843,681	5.43
2001	15,108,735	11,103,177	4,005,558	505,000	351,089	856,089	4.67
2002	15,772,181	11,524,227	4,247,954	530,000	330,089	860,089	4.93
2003	16,328,342	12,235,926	4,092,416	560,000	308,559	868,559	4.71
2004	16,206,496	12,374,2 7 9	3,832,217	665,000	176,192	841,192	4.56
2005	17,965,115	14,276,920	3,688,195	660,000	181,392	841,392	4.38

⁽¹⁾ Total revenues include operating revenues, interest, other nonoperating revenues, and capital contributions.

⁽²⁾ Total expenses include operating expenses and operating transfers, exclusive of depreciation and interest,

⁽³⁾ Includes principal, interest, and paying agent fees.

City of Zeeland, Michigan SCHEDULE OF REVENUE BOND COVERAGE - WATER UTILITY FUND

Last Ten Fiscal Years TABLE 13

Fiscal Year Ended	70	Gross	operating	ng Available For		Debt Service Requirements (3) Principal Interest Total						Coverage
June 30		evenues (1)	 ransfers (2)		edi Service		Principal		merest		1 (141)	Coverage
1996	\$	2,078,094	\$ 981,795	\$	1,096,299	\$	70,000	\$	245,209	\$	315,209	3.48
1997		2,245,990	1,033,883		1,212,107		165,000		382,844		547,844	2.21
1998		2,340,650	1,153,414		1,187,236		210,000		372,415		582,415	2.04
1999		2,264,854	1,345,720		919,134		220,000		360,739		580,739	1.58
2000		2,394,355	1,509,948		884,407		235,000		348,250		583,250	1.52
2001		2,655,265	1,574,846		1,080,419		250,000		321,013		571,013	1.89
2002		3,034,104	1,352,201		1,681,903		360,000		566,898		926,898	1.81
2003		3,225,744	1,513,949		1,711,795		420,000		502,448		922,448	1.86
2004		3,074,877	1,583,390		1,491,487		465,000		467,643		932,643	1.60
2005		3,369,382	1,577,604		1,791,778		480,000		445,905		925,905	1.94

⁽¹⁾ Total revenues include operating revenues, interest, other nonoperating revenues, and capital contributions.

⁽²⁾ Total expenses include operating transfers, exclusive of depreciation and interest.

⁽³⁾ Includes principal, interest, and paying agent fees.

City of Zeeland, Michigan SCHEDULE OF REVENUE BOND COVERAGE - CLEAN WATER UTILITY FUND

Last Ten Fiscal Years TABLE 14

Fiscal Year Ended	Gross	Expenses and Operating Transfers (2)	Net Revenue Available For Debt Service	Debt			
June 30	Revenues (1)			Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
1996	\$ 1,237,325	\$ 548,241	\$ 689,084	\$ 90,000	\$ 99,904	\$ 189,904	3,63
1997	1,355,674	635,421	720,253	95,000	94,922	189,922	3.79
1998	1,484,712	639,118	845,594	100,000	91,186	191,186	4.42
1999	1,662,573	725,010	937,563	150,000	183,850	333,850	2.81
2000	1,483,392	666,804	816,588	345,000	175,068	520,068	1.57
2001	1,918,836	658,452	1,260,384	350,000	159,588	509,588	2.47
2002	2,185,903	699,486	1,486,417	370,000	143,114	513,114	2.90
2003	1,663,463	742,015	921,448	395,000	117,196	512,196	1.80
2004	1,470,789	866,930	603,859	0	0	0	N/A
2005	1,825,416	834,523	990,893	0	0	0	N/A

⁽¹⁾ Total revenues include operating revenues, interest, other nonoperating revenues, and capital contributions.

⁽²⁾ Total operating expenses include operating transfers, exclusive of depreciation.

⁽³⁾ Includes principal, interest, and paying agent fees.

City of Zeeland, Michigan PROPERTY VALUE, CONSTRUCTION AND BANK DEPOSITS

Last Ten Fiscal Y	ears							TABLE 15
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	State Equalized Value		No. Permits	Construction	Estimated Value		Bank Deposits (1) (In Thousands)	
1996	\$	153,414,400	238		\$	16,349,689	\$	473,335
1997		163,253,500	263			9,701,569		532,877
1998		181,544,850	293			9,055,202		522,404
1999		198,236,600	295			19,978,873		451,652
2000		214,064,000	268			13,481,821		361,503
2001		223,548,100	318			12,331,486		307,490
2002		236,777,000	270			5,780,583		298,402
2003		250,627,700	222			14,345,093		401,143
2004		262,690,000	215			4,255,569		431,295
2005		261,751,700	253			13,969,385		504,070

Bank deposits as of June 30, for banks and savings and loan associations located in Zeeland:

Chemical Bank Shoreline Byron Bank National City Bank of the MW Fifth Third Bank Huntington National Bank Macatawa Bank National City Bank

Source:

Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation

ASSESSED:

Tax assessments are determined as of tax day, December 31.

LIEN ON PROPERTY:

Personal property taxes become a lien and are payable on January 1, however, they are billed on July 1 and December 1. City, local school, and intermediate school taxes are levied July 1. County taxes are levied December 1. Unpaid taxes, together with all charges thereon, become a continuing lien on the property assessed.

PAYABLE:

Taxes billed July 1 are due August 15. Taxes billed December 1 are due February 14. Taxes are collected at the office of city treasurer.

DELINOUENT:

Real property taxes become delinquent on March 1 and are returned to the county treasurer for collection. Ottawa County operates a Delinquent Tax Revolving Fund which forwards delinquent tax monies to local jurisdictions. Delinquent personal property taxes are collected by the city treasurer. Uncollectible personal property taxes are stricken from the tax rolls upon petition to the Circuit Court when uncollectible for a period of five years from date of levy.

PENALTIES:

A 2% administration fee is assessed on the July 1 tax roll against all taxes remaining unpaid after August 15. Interest at the rate of 3/4 percent per month is assessed on August 15, September 1, October 1, and November 1. Taxes remaining unpaid as of November 1 are rebilled on the December 1 tax roll. Taxes collected by the city treasurer after February 14 are subject to a 3% penalty. Taxes returned delinquent to the county treasurer on March 1 are subject to a 4% collection fee and 1% per month interest.

TAX ABATEMENT:

The state equalized value does not include valuation of certain facilities which are exempt under Act 198, Public Acts of 1974 or Act 255, Public Acts of 1978. The Acts are designed to provide a stimulus in the form of significant tax incentives to industry and commercial enterprises to renovate and expand aging facilities and to build new facilities in Michigan.

An Industrial or Commercial Facilities Exemption Certificate entitles the facility to exemption from ad valorem real and personal property taxes for a period of up to 12 years. In lieu of the property tax, the firm will pay a specific tax. Renovated facilities are taxed at the full millage rate based on the assessed valuation prior to the improvements. New facilities are taxed at one half rate levied on assessments which are determined annually based on true cash value.

The City of Zeeland has established goals, objectives, and procedures to provide opportunity for industrial and commercial development and expansion using the Acts. A number of districts have been approved totaling \$286,191,900 in FY2005 or 52.2 % of the total state equalized valuation.

CITY TAXATION AND LIMITATION:

The city's tax rate is limited by City Charter. The State Home Rule Act allows a city charter to authorize up to a 20 mill tax levy, and the City of Zeeland, by its charter, is authorized to levy a maximum of 15 mills for operating purposes.

In November 1978, the electorate of the State of Michigan passed an amendment to the State Constitution which places certain limitations on increases of taxes by the state and political subdivisions from currently authorized levels of taxation. The amendment does not limit taxes for the payment of principal and interest on bonds or other evidences of indebtedness outstanding at the time they became effective or which have been approved by the electors of the state or such political subdivisions.

City of Zeeland, Michigan ECONOMIC AND STATISTICAL DATA

TABLE 17 June 30, 2005 3 square miles AREA: Council-Manager (7 council members) FORM OF GOVERNMENT: Incorporated as a city in 1907 Adopted June 27, 1967 (effective July 1, 1967) PRESENT CHARTER: July 1 FISCAL YEAR BEGINS: NUMBER OF CITY EMPLOYEES: 64 full-time; 86 part-time/part-paid 2 stations, 26 volunteer firemen, 2-way radios, 6 municipality mutual aid FIRE PROTECTION: agreements 1 station, 7 full-time policemen & Police Chief, 4 part-time, 14 reserves, 2-way POLICE PROTECTION: Radio equipment 3 unmetered lots -- 166,700 sq. ft. PARKING: 3 leased lots -- 71,500 sq. ft. 29.36 miles STREETS: 15.50 miles STORM SEWERS: Customer Accounts: ELECTRIC UTILITY: 4,920 Residential 710 Commercial/Industrial Street Lights 120 307,608 M.W.H. generated and purchased 286,370 M.W.H. sold \$17,093,517 Revenues from sales Customer Accounts: WATER UTILITY: 2,232 Residential 386 Commercial/Industrial 1,367 Million gallons pumped 1,299 Million gallons sold Revenues from sales \$3,128,092 Customer Accounts: CLEAN WATER: 2,172 Residential 329 Commercial/Industrial 37 Miles of collection system Major lift stations 429 million gallons Treated effluent 1.820 million gallons Residuals \$1,548,347 Revenues from user charges 8 parks (37.9 acres) RECREATION: 4 playgrounds 1 community center 1 library 6.25 miles bike trails 1950 3,075 POPULATION GROWTH: Official U.S. Census 3,702 1960 1970 4,734 1980 4,723 1990 5,417

2000

5,805